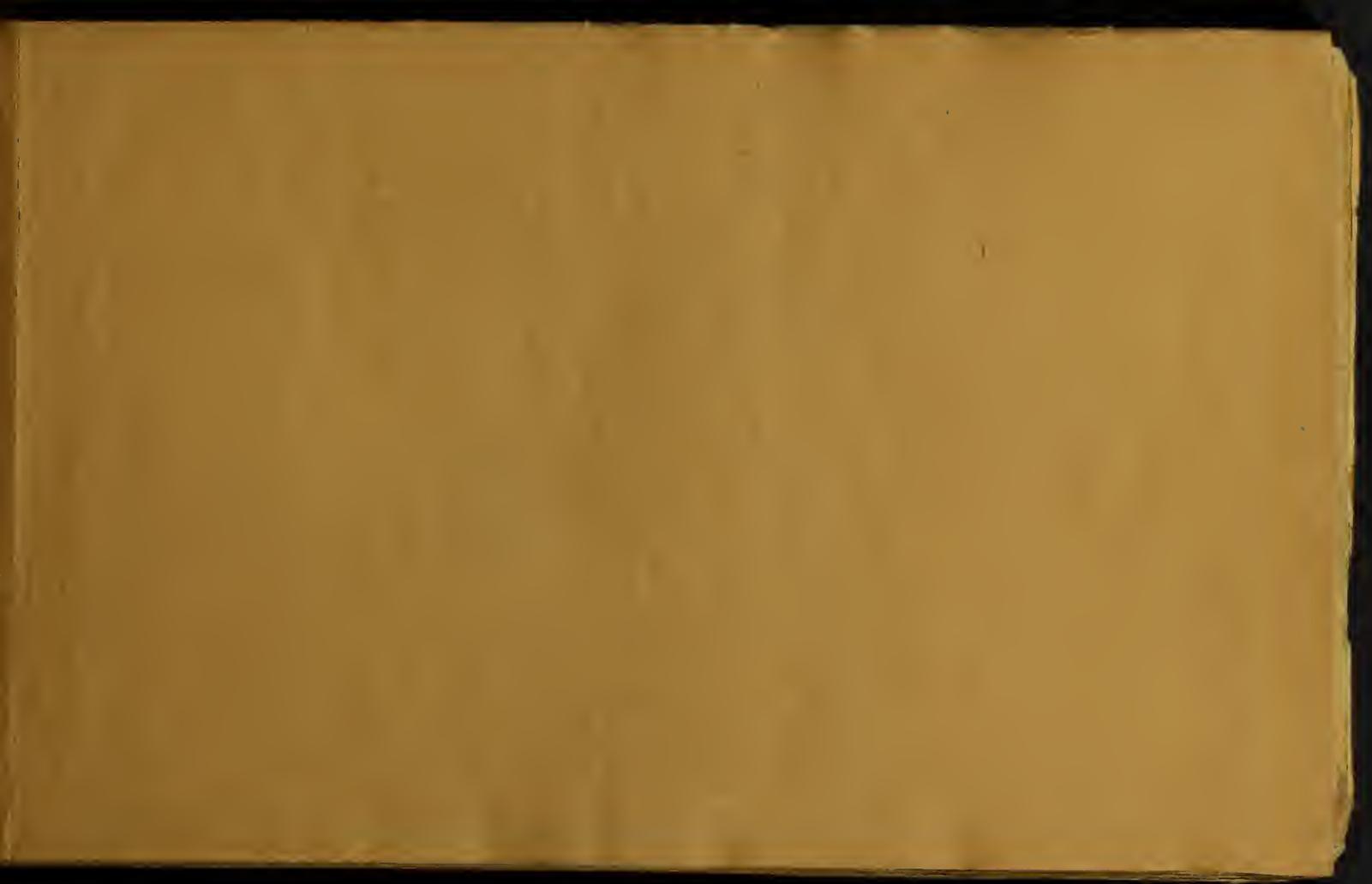
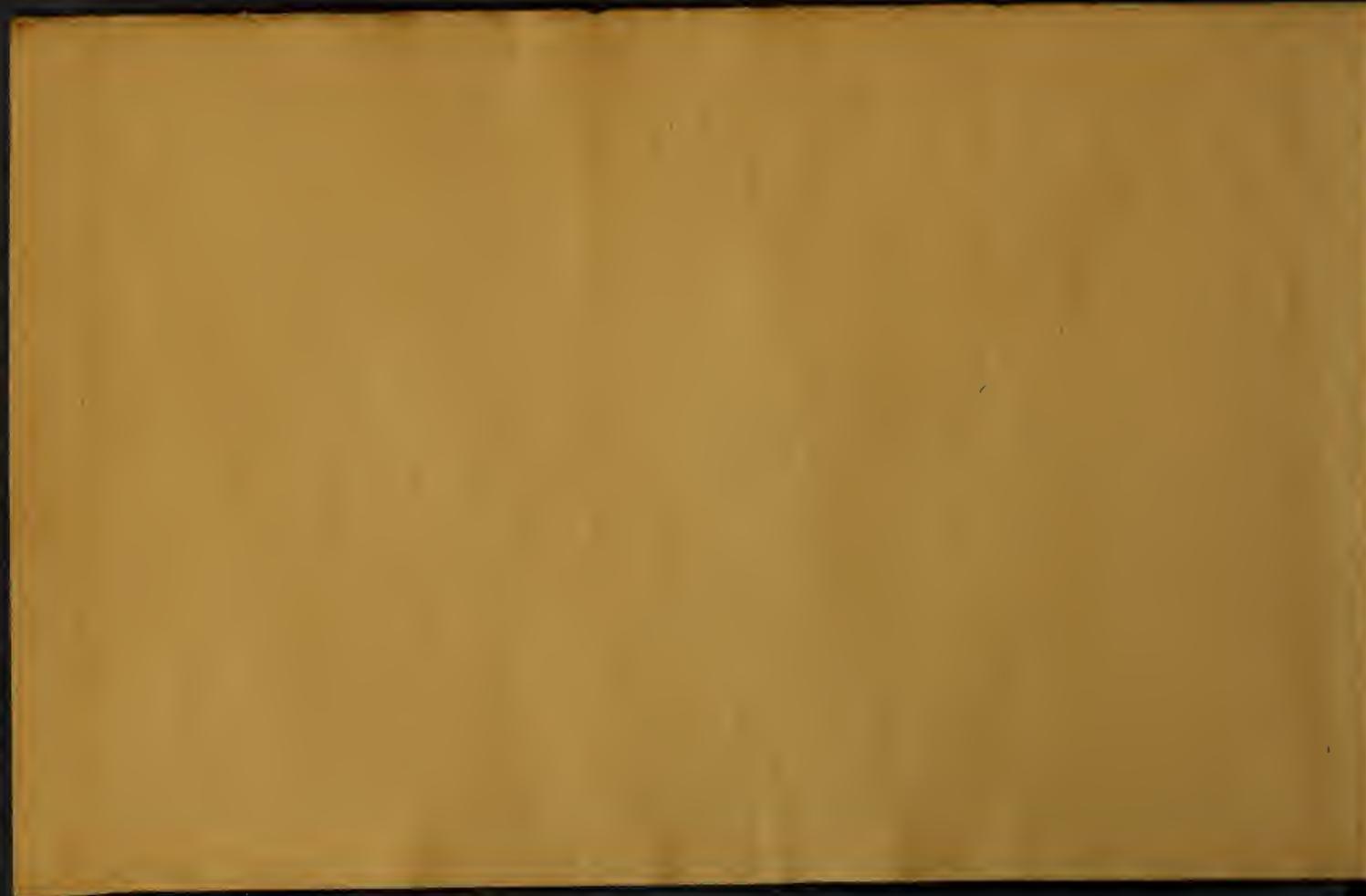


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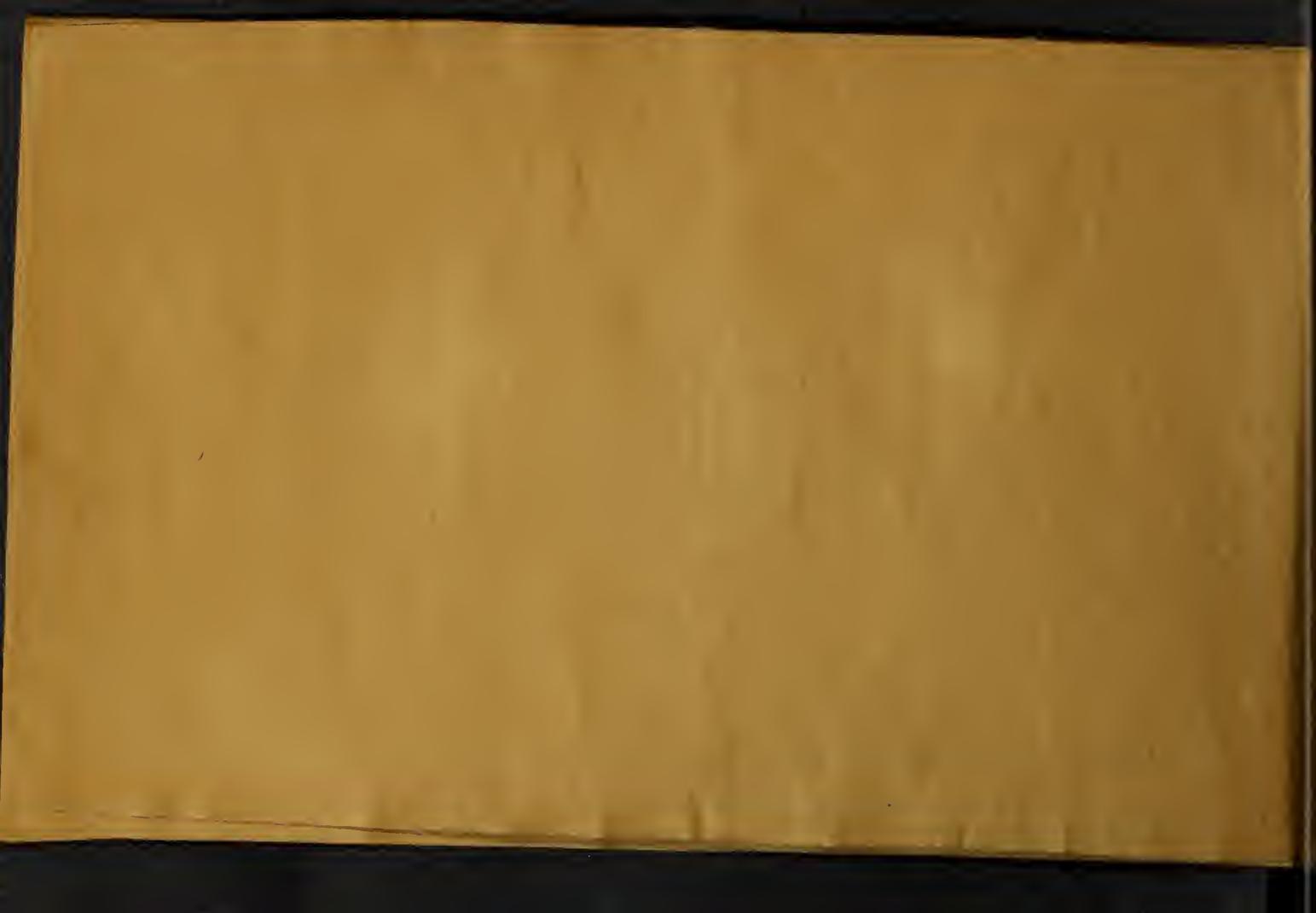


Allegro

Time Wells

Time Wells

Time Palmy



Select Harmonies
Containing the Necessary

Rules of Harmony, Together with a Collection
Of approved Psalm Tunes,

HYMNS AND ANTHEMS.

By Oliver Brownson

1703 -

1890

УДАЧНЫЙ
ЭНТД
НОВОГОДНИЙ

P R E F A C E.

AS the design of this Publication was to serve the interest of social Worship, no pains has been spared in collecting a set of Psalm Tunes, Hymns and Anthems, best adapted to the worship of that God who is the author of Harmony.

A D V E R T I S E M E N T.

THE Author having made alterations in some of the Tunes that were given out of his hands, desires that those who have received former Copies, would conform to this Publication.

American Compositions, in this Book, have their Author's Names set over the

In Forming and Tuning the Voice.

LEARNERS begin with the Eight Notes, and be careful to give each a true and distinct sound. Singers often fail in pronouncing the Names of the Notes ; a medium between *me* and *mi* is most agreeable, and likewise between *fa* and *faw*, and between *la* and *law*. It is not so essential that the Names of Notes should be spoke plain, as it is that they should be sounded round, easy and graceful.

Great care should be taken to avoid sounding through the nose, or blowing the breath through the teeth. High Notes should be sounded soft but not faint, and low notes should be sounded full but not harsh ; notes should be struck and ended soft, gently swelling the middle of each sound, unless contradicted by the mark of distinction.

Accent, and propriety of expression, is especially necessary to be attended to. Observe that a Bar of Common Time being divided into four equal parts ; a Bar of Treble Time, three, and a Bar of Compound Time, in six equal parts, the first and third parts of a bar of Common Time, the first of Treble Time, and the first a fourth of Compound Time, ought to be adapted to the accent of the words, and in singing, the accented parts should be sounded fuller than the unaccented parts.

Regard should be had to the words to sing loud or soft as the words require. The Music should bend to the words and not the words to the music. Some words are not to be spoken as they are spelt; many words ending with y should be pronounced as ending with e or the short i, such as lofty, eternity, &c. but not where it spoils the sense, as in sanctify, magnify, my, thy, &c.

There are several graces in Music, commonly used by individuals, such as the trill, turn, transition, &c. which I have omitted, as the principal grace that can be used in common schools, is to sing with ease and life, and with hearts deeply affected with a sense of the great truths we utter. Music, thus performed, of all things on earth bears the nearest resemblance to the employment of heaven.

G E N E R A L R E M A R K S.

The order in which the parts are placed is, first the bass, then tenor, counter and treble. There are seven distinct sounds in nature, five of which are whole tones, and the others half tones, all above or below being the same in effect only higher or lower. The unison third, fifth, sixth and eighth, are called Concords; the second, fourth and seventh are called Discords. In regulating mi by flats, which are added by one at a time, a fourth above or fifth below, coming in that order they first strike the five whole notes, and then the two half notes, which are made whole ones by the foregoing flats. In regulating mi by sharps, which are added by one at a time, a fifth above or fourth below, coming in that order they first strike the two half notes, and then the others which are made half notes by the foregoing sharps, and thus mi may be driven into any of the seven letters by flats or sharps.

N. B. Flats take the place where mi was before added; and sharps the place where mi is, when added.

Treble

Treble Time is derived from common time, and those figures used as marks of the different moods, show the proportion they bear to common time; the upper figure shows the number of notes that fill a bar in that mood, and the under figure shows the number of the same kind that fill a bar in common time. For instance; the first mood marked thus $\frac{2}{3}$ the 3 shows that three notes fill a bar in that mood, and the 2 shows that they are such notes that two of them fill a bar in common time, the same proportion may be seen in all the moods; hence the propriety of those figures for marks of the moods. Likewise the fourth mood of common time is properly marked with the figures $\frac{2}{4}$

Notes driven through the bar should not be spoken as two distinct notes when sung by note. In beating of time it is not very material what motion a person uses if it be but a true movement, by which he can count both notes and rests. All author's agree that rests are marks of silence of the same length in time as the notes for which they stand, and immediately contradict it by saying that a semibreve rest fills a bar in all moods of time; to prevent such inconsistencies I have set a dot or point at the right hand of a rest, which answers the same purpose as at the right hand of a note.

Either tune or words repeated should be sounded somewhat louder so as to give fresh life to the music. All notes going to one syllable should be sung with the lips and teeth asunder, and if possible, at one breath.

Hymn for BUCKLAND.

2. WHICH of the bright celestial throng,
With love so warm and heart so strong,
Des anguish on a cross?
Who can leave liberty for chains,
Abandon extacy for pains?
What Angel fortitude sustains
Th' estimable loss.
3. Hell, and death-like silence reign'd,
Deep was their awe, the radient band
The mighty task declin'd;
At length heaven's Prince the silence broke
And ardent thus the Sire bespoke,
None but thy Son can ward the stroke,
Then let the task be mine!
4. Mine be the feeble infant state;
Mine, in return for love, be hate;
A manger be my throne;
Pain, when thy glory calls, is bliss;
When man's in danger torture's peace;
Shame praise a paradise th' abys,
Then yield thy darling Son.
5. Th' Almighty smil'd assent,
Loud was the shout that ether rent,
All heaven was in a maze!
Go, my lov'd image, said the Sire,
Be born in anguish to expire,
Earth triumph, Angels strike the lyre
To everlasting praise.

Hymn for CHRISTMAS.

2. THROUGH Bethlehem city in Jewry it was
That Joseph and Mary together did pass,
And for to be taxed when thither they came,
Since Cæsar Augustus commanded the same,
Then let us be merry, &c.
3. But Mary's full time being come as we find,
She brought forth her first-born to save all mankind;
The inn being full, for this heavenly guest
No place there was found where to lay him to rest,
Then let us be merry, &c.
4. But Mary, blest Mary, so meek and so mild,
Soon wrapp'd in swaddlings this heav'nly child,
Contented she laid him where oxen do feed,
The great God of nature approv'd of the deed,
Then let us be merry, &c.
5. To teach us humility all this was done,
Then learn we from hence haughty pride for to shun;
A manger's his cradle, who came from above,
The great God of mercy, of peace and of love,
Then let us be merry, &c.
6. Then presently after the shepherds did spy,
Vast numbers of Angels to stand in the sky,
So merrily talking, so sweet they did sing,
All glory and praise to our heavenly king.
Then let us be merry cast sorrow away,
Our Saviour Christ Jesus was born on this day.

Hymn for I N V I T A T I O N.

2. **H**O ye needy, come in welcome,
God's free bounty glorify,
True belief and true repentance,
Every grace that brings us nigh,
Without mohey, .
Come to Jesus Christ and buy.
3. Let not conscience make you linger,
Nor of fitness fondly dream,
All the fitness he requireth,
Is to feel your need of him ;
This he gives you,
'Tis the spirits glim'ring beam.
4. Agonizing in the garden,
Lo your Maker prostrate lies,
On the bloody tree behold him,
Hear him cry before he dies,
It is finish'd,
Sinners will not this suffice.
5. Lo th' incarnate God ascended,
Pleads the merits of his blood,
Venture on him, venture freely,
Let no other trust intrude.
None but Jesus
Can do helpless sinners good.
6. Saints and angels join in concert,
Sing the praises of the Lamb,
While the blissful seats of Heaven,
Sweetly echo with his name.
Hallelujah,
Sinners here may do the same.

Hymn for J U B I L E E.

2. **T**HE gospel trumpet hear :
The news of heavenly grace,
Ye happy souls draw near,
Behold your Saviour's face ;
The year of Jubilee is come,
Return to your eternal home.
3. Extol the Lamb of God,
The all-atoneing Lamb ;
Redemption in his blood,
Throughout the world proclaim :
The year of Jubilee is come,
Return ye ransom'd sinners home.

Hymn for S A L I S B U R Y.

2. **N**OTHING have I, Lord, to pay,
Nor can thy grace procure,
Empty send me not away
For I, thou know'st, am poor,
Dust and ashes is my name,
My all is sin and misery,
Friend of sinners, spotless Lamb,
Thy blood was shed for me.
3. Without money, without price,
I come, thy love to buy,
From myself I turn my eyes,
The chief of sinners I ;
Take O take me as I am,
And let me loose myself in thee,
Friend of sinners, spotless Lamb,
Thy blood was shed for me.

Hymn for S U N D A Y.

2. **C**ountless bands of angels glorious,
Cloath'd in bright ethereal blue,
Strait the sound of Christ victorious,
From their silver trumpets flew.
Christ triumphant, &c. &c.
Rises conqueror o'er the tomb.

3. See, my friends, is that the Saviour
Who was crowned with the thorns,
Glorious majesty and power,
Now his sacred head adorns.
Hallelujah, &c.
That dear head no more shall bleed.

4. Is that he who dy'd on Calvary,
That was pierced with the spear,
Clad with countless suns of glory,
See he rises through the air,
Hallelujah, &c.
Zion's mourners now rejoice.

I N D E X.

Tunes Names.	Page.	Tunes Names.	Page.	Tunes Names.	Page.
Aurora,	29	Hebron,	83	Stafford,	5
Andover,	44	Invitation,	45	Salisbury,	9
America,	10	Jubilee,	8	Stroud,	26
London,	59	Ketery,	17	Trumbull,	7
Bridgewater,	28	Laindon,	84	Virginia,	45
Bolton,	47	Landaff,	33	Warwick,	27
Buc'hai,	50	Lebanon,	13	Worthington,	49
Bath,	84	Litchfield,	42	Willington,	15
Bedford	37	Norwich,	26	Wakefield,	20
Branaf,	11	Norfolk,	48	Westfield,	55
Buckingham;	18	Newcastle,	51	Washington,	39
Byford	39	Plymouth,	28	York,	49
Cambyses,	52	Philadelphia,	46	Yarmouth.	6
Charter	35	Psalm 19,	54		
Cold	12	24	38		
Colu	32	33	34		
Chat	16	34	36		
Christians Hymn,	18	46	19		
Clay,	48	90	53		
Colm,	58	95	5		
	43	Roxbury,	41		
	64	Royalton,	57		
	14	Repentance,	64		
	69	Sunday,	56		
	37	Sunderland,	60		
	25	Sutton,			

A N T H E M S.

Arise, shine, O Zion,	-	77
Holy Lord God Almighty,	-	61
Is there not an appointed,	-	65
O that mine eyes,	-	21
We have heard.	-	73

— 18. febr. 1792.

Wenige Tage vorher war ich
in der Nähe von Wittenberg und
wurde dort von dem Herrn Dr. C.
H. Lichtenberg empfangen.

Gentle, or tone of Music

sol
fa
la
sol
la

The , , called
the Gold Days
Ringing on 1
the 3
the 5
the 7

F.
This character is
called the Carl
padding up to the
middle line and
used by some Au-
thors.

sol
fa
la

The , ,
called the
Ringing on 1
the 3
the 5
the 7

If we look at different parts
of the

Transposition in B Minor

When there is neither a flat or
a sharp sign at the beginning of
a note, then it is in B.
If B is the root note, then E.
If B is E, then A.
If E is D, then C.
If A is G, then F.
If G is F, then D.
If C is B, then E, A, D and G, Minor

I. J. M. is in F.
M. I. is in C.
G. I. is in G.
F. and D, M. is in D.
C. D. and A. M. is in A.

I H. the master note
Observe the follow-
Vt.

Up, Up, Up, ascend,
Down, Down, Down, descend

Notes, Rests.

Semibreve



Minima



Crotchet



Quaver



Semiquaver



Demisemiquaver



2 Bars, 4 Bars, 8 Bars.

Rests.



The marks of time, called
time as the o s, and
a rest of two, four and eight
or more to the organ.

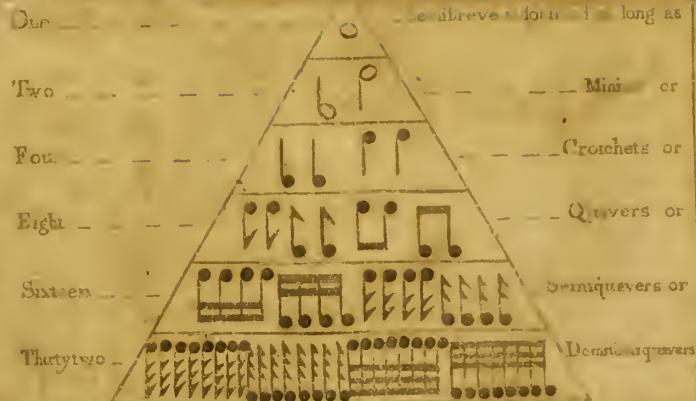
A dot or point at the right-hand of
the same purpose as at the right-hand of the note.

Shows how many
are sung together



A brace





Character. Explanations.

The dot placed over a note, denotes it to be more pronounced than the plain as possible.

Repet. Shows the tune is going over again from the note over which it is placed to a double bar or close.

Figure. 12. Shows that the note under figure 1, is to be sounded before the repeat, and the note under figure 2, after passing the latter figure 1, if they go together in the same measure.

Clef. Shows the beginning and end of a measure.

Example.

Sixteenth or breve form is long as

Minims or

Crotchets or

Quavers or

Demiquavers or

Demisequavers

B. The notes have the same proportion to each other in words of time.

Ledgerline

Flat,

Sharp,

Natural,

Slur,

Sigh-bar,

Doublebar

Figure,

Dot or point,

I added where it is long as a whole note, and the breve.

A flat left hand of a note, links it half tone.

At the beginning of a measure it half a tone.

Flute and harps are more fully explained in the first section.

At the left-hand of a note which is made flat or sharp by preceding flats or sharps at the beginning of a tune, restores it to its primitive sound.

Drawn over one note for many notes and are sung to one syllable.

Divide the time according to the measure note of the movement.

Shows the end of a strain.

Over or underset, shows they are sounded as two such notes without the figure.

At the right-hand of a note it half as long as a breve or full half note.

Characteres

Explanations.

Examples

COMMON TIME MOODS

First C

Second C

Third C

Fourth $\frac{2}{4}$

First $\frac{2}{2}$

Second $\frac{3}{4}$

Third $\frac{3}{8}$

Fourth $\frac{1}{2}$

Fifth $\frac{5}{4}$

Sixth $\frac{6}{4}$

Seventh $\frac{7}{4}$

Eighth $\frac{8}{4}$

Common time is measured by two four in each bar as two four, the first mood has a semibreve for a measure-note, containing two other notes or rests equal or in value, which is performed in the time of four seconds, while you may leisurely tell 1, 2, 3, 4, count 1, with the hand or feet down and 3, 4, with it up.

Has the same measure-note as the first mood, and beat in the first manner only a third quicker.

Has the same measure-note, and sung a third quicker than a fifth mood, two equal beats in a bar one down the other up.

Has a minim for a measure-note, crotchet last and beat in the third mood only a third quicker.

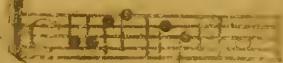
Treble time is measured by odd numbers of three. The first mood has a pointed semibreve for a measure note, containing two other notes or rests equal or in value in a bar, and commonly sung in the time of three seconds, two down and one up. Has a pointed minim for a measure-note, and beat in the same manner, the first only a third quicker.

Has a pointed crotchet for a measure note, and sung a third quicker than the second mood, and beat in the same manner.

Contains six crotchets in a bar, and sung in the time of two seconds, two equal beats, one down the other up.

Contains five quavers in a bar, and beat as the first mood of compound time, only a third quicker.

B. The hand falls at the beginning of every single bar in all moods of time.



Explanation.

These notes are called notes of Syncopation, or Division of notes, by reason the bar or Beating of Time in the middle, or which is part of a Semibreve, minime &c or when one note is divided into two or more parts, the Hand or Foot being either put down or up, will be the beginning again, the Hand or Foot being either put down or up, will be the beginning again.

Choosing notes, are when one Note is due only to be sung by the same Voice.

A Key in Mi, is the principal and governing key.
There are but two natural primitive keys, Mi & C. C is sharp key, and A is flat key.
No tune can be formed, rightly and truly but on one of these two keys, except the
Mi be transposed by flats or sharps, while sing them to the same scale as the two
natural keys. The 1st note in the bass is the key note, which is next above or below Mi
if above it is a sharp key, if below Mi it is a flat key, or in other words if the 1st note in the bass is named fa it is a sharp key, and if la it is a flat key.
The fa key (which is cheerful) every third, fifth and seventh is half a tone higher than in the first and mournful key.

In singing and falling the note, however,
Mi and fa and la and fa is but half the
distance as between the other notes.

C. Scammon.

1861

The Eight - West.

A handwritten musical score page featuring two systems of music. The first system starts with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It consists of two measures: the first measure has a single note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern (pp), and the second measure has a sixteenth-note pattern (p) followed by a eighth-note pattern (pp). The second system begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It also contains two measures: the first measure has a sixteenth-note pattern (pp) followed by a eighth-note pattern (p), and the second measure has a eighth-note pattern (p) followed by a sixteenth-note pattern (pp).

Intervals *Precd.*

A page from a handwritten musical score, showing a single system of music. The key signature is G major (one sharp), and the time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The music consists of two staves. The first staff begins with a bass clef, followed by a series of eighth-note patterns. The second staff begins with a treble clef, followed by a similar pattern of eighth notes. The handwriting is in black ink on white paper.

Stafford by Brownson. C.M.

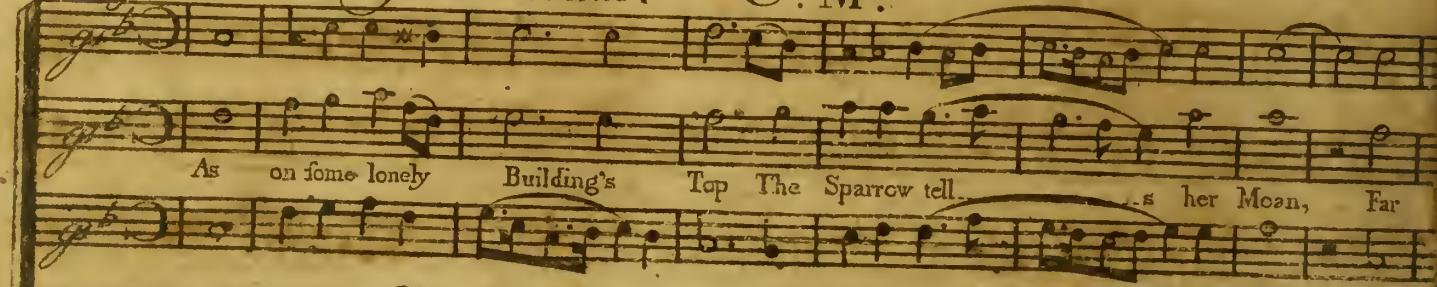
5

A handwritten musical score for Stafford by Brownson in Common Measure (C.M.). The score consists of four staves of music. The lyrics are written below the third staff: "Re - turn, O God of Lou - e, re - turned is A - biding Place; How long shall we thy Children mourn? Ab - sence from thy Face?" The music features various note heads and stems, with some notes having vertical lines extending upwards or downwards.

95th by Brownson. L.M.

A handwritten musical score for the 95th Psalm by Brownson in Long Measure (L.M.). The score consists of four staves of music. The lyrics are written below the first staff: "Come let our Voices join to raise a sacred Song of solemn Praise. God is a sov'reign King re-hearse his Honour in exalted Verse." The music features various note heads and stems, with some notes having vertical lines extending upwards or downwards.

6 Yarmouth by Benham. C. M.



Trumbull by Benham.

C. M.

7

Handwritten musical score for 'Trumbull by Benham.' The score consists of four staves of music in common time, C major. The lyrics are integrated into the music. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, followed by a bass clef, and then another bass clef. The third staff begins with a soprano clef (S). The fourth staff begins with a soprano clef (S) and includes a vocal part for 'His Life a Shadow' with a bass clef. The lyrics are:

Lord, what is Man, poor feeble Man, Born of the Earth at first?
His Life a Shadow,

Continuation of the handwritten musical score. The lyrics continue from the previous section:

His Life a Shadow, light and vain, Still hastening to the Dust.
Still hastening to the Dust.
His Life a Shadow, light and vain, Still hastening to the Dust.
Still hastening to the Dust.

8 jubilee by Brownson.

P.M.

Blow ye the trumpet, blow
Blow ye the trumpet, blow
Blow ye the trumpet, blow
Blow ye the trumpet, blow

Blow ye the trumpet, blow the trumpet like the gladly sound let all the nations know each remiss bounds the year of jubilee is come upon us
ye Nealised comes home

Sutton by Brownson.

S.M.

je-hovah is the sovereign God the universal King.
je-hovah is the sovereign God the universal King.
je-hovah is the sovereign God the universal King.
je-hovah is the sovereign God the universal King.

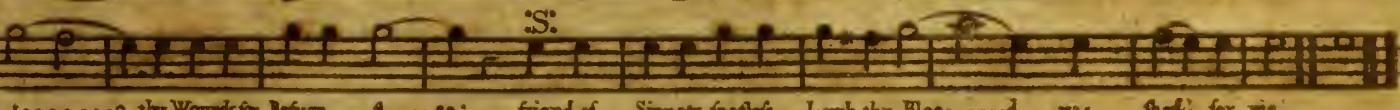
Come and find his Praise a broad and Hymns of Glory sing:
je-hovah is the sovereign God the universal King.
je-hovah is the sovereign God the universal King.
je-hovah is the sovereign God the universal King.

Salisbury by Brownson. P.M.

9



God of my Salvation hear, and help me to be-lieve; simply do I now draw near, thy Blessing to receive, full of Guilt alas! I am: But



thy Wounds for Refuge a-ee: friend of Sinners, spotless Lamb, thy Bloo-d wax flesh for me.



America by Strong. L'America by P.M.

Handwritten musical score for "America by Strong". The score consists of two staves of music with lyrics underneath. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. The lyrics are written in a cursive hand, with some words underlined. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The score is numbered 10 at the top left.

Ye Tribes of Adam join With Heavn, and Earth, and Sea...s, And offer Notes divine To your Cre-

Ye holy Throng Of Angels bright, Ye holy Throng Of An...gels bright. Of Angels
ator's Prairie. Ye holy Throng Of Angels bri...ght, Ye holy Throng Of Angels
Ye holy Throng Of Angels bright, Ye holy Throng Of An...gels
Ye holy Throng Of Angels bright, Ye holy Throng Of An...gels

L. Benham

11

bright, In Worlds of Li - ght, Be - gin the Song In Wor - lds of Light, Be - gin the Song.

Brandsford by Benham. C.M.

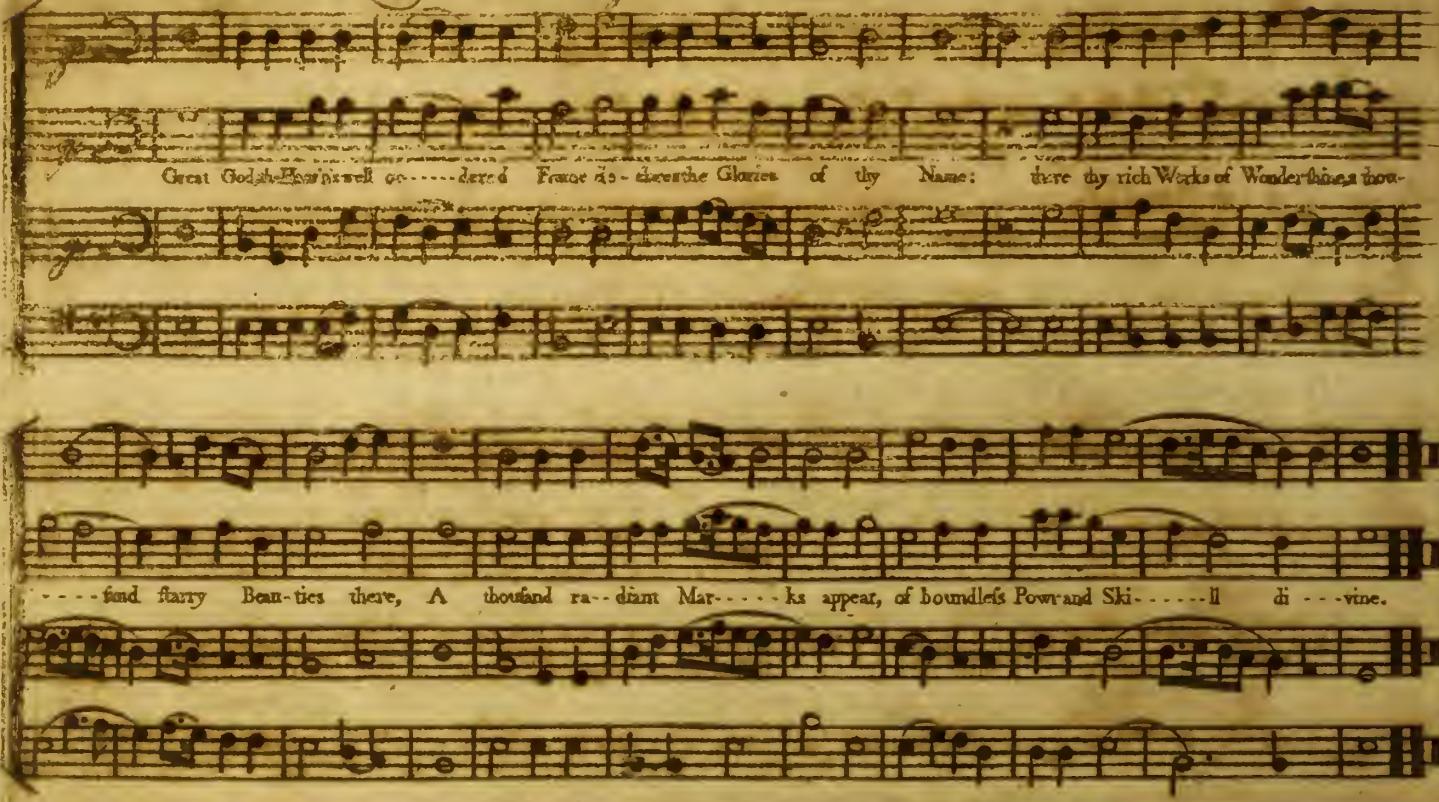
1 2

Save me, O God, the swell - ing Floods Brake upo - n my Soul I sink; and Sorrows over my Head Like mighty Wa - ters roll 2

1 2

:S:

1 2



Great God! How wondrous con-..... dered France as - duceth the Glories of thy Name: there thy rich Works of Wonder shine, a thou-

..... sand starry Beau-ties there, A thousand ra-diant Mar-.... ks appear, of boundless Powr and Ski-.... ll di - - vine.

Lebanon. L. M.

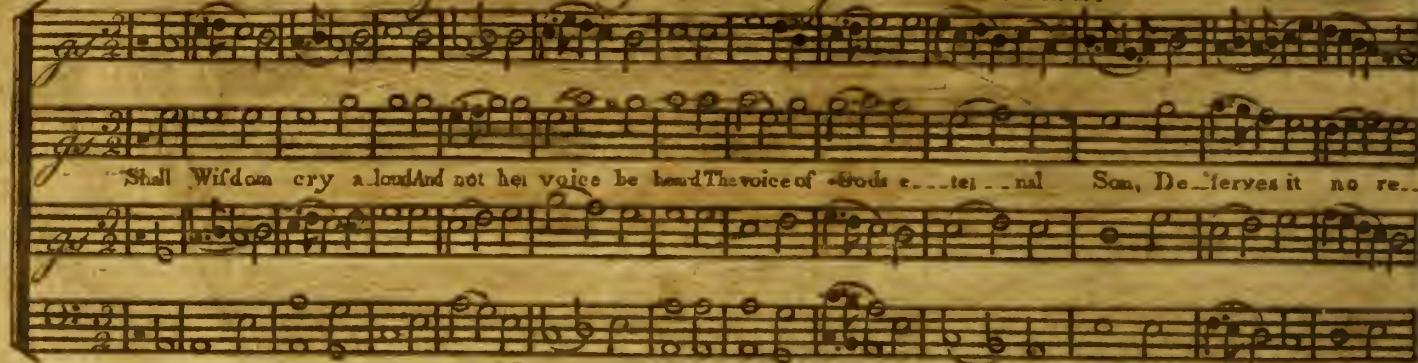
13

Rejoice, ye shining worlds on high, Be - hold the King of glo... ry nigh, Who

can this King of glo... ry be? The migh... ty Lord, the migh... ty Lord the Saviour's he.

Framingham by Billings.

S.M.



S.

The voice of Gods e-ter-nal Son, De-serves it no re-gard? the
 The voice of Gods e-ter-nal Son, De-serves it no re-gard? de-
 The voice of Gods e-ter-nal Son, De-serves it no re-gard? Shall Wi-dom
 The voice of Gods e-ter-nal Son, De-serves it no re-gard? de-serves it no re-gard? The voice of Gods e-

voice of God's e_ternal Son, De_serves it no re_gard? The voice of God's e_ternal Son, De_serves it no re_gard?

serves it no re_gard, De_serves it no re_gard? The voice of God's e_ternal Son, De_serves it no re_gard?

e_ternal Son, De_serves it no re_gard?

e_ternal Son, De_serves it no re_gard?

Willington.

L.M.

Where shall we go to seek and find An Ha_bitation for our God, A Dwelling for th' eternal Mind A_mongst the Sons of Flesh and Blood.

16

Chatham by Benham.

P.M.

Zea... We hast to

How pleasant and blest was I, To hear the people cry, Come, let us seek our God to-day; Yes with a cheerful Zeal We haste to Zion's

Yes with a cheerful cheer ful

Yes with a cheerful Zeal We haste to Zion's

Zion's Hill,

Yes with a clear ful Zeal We haste to Zion's Hill, And there our Vows and Honours pay.

Hill, And there our Vows and Honours Pay,

Yes with a clear ful Zeal We haste to Zion's Hill, And there our Vows and Honours pay.

Zeal We haste to Zion's Hill, And there our Vows and Honours pay.

And there our Vows and

Hill, and there our Vows and Honours pay. Yes with a cheerful Zeal We haste to Zion's

Hi ll, and

Ketterey.

S:

17

Thy Kingdom come Thy will be done through

Our Father who in Heaven art All hallowed be thy name,

Tly

S: Thy Kingdom come Thy will be done throughout this Earthly

Thy Kingdom come Thy will be done throughout this Earthly Frame. Our

1 2

on this Earthly Frame Our Father who in Heaven art All hallowed be thy name

1 2

Kingdom come Thy will be done throughout this Earthly Frame. Fre... me, Thy Kingdom com... Thy will be done throughout this Earthly Frame. 2

Frame, Our Father who in Heaven art All hallowed be thy name,

1 2

Father who in

18 S. Christmas S. Hymn. 12

A Virgin un-spotted, the Prophet fore-told, To be our Re-deemer from Death Hell, and Sin, Which Adam's Trans-
gression did inflict us. in. Should bring forth a Saviour, which now we behold, Then let us be merry cast Sorrow away, our Saviour Christ
Jesus was born this Day.

Buckingham. C.M.

Lord, thou wilt hear me when I pray; I am for ever thine. I fear before thee all the Day. Nor world I dare to sin.

46th by Chandler.

P. M.

He sends the lab'ring Con-

The Lord hath Eyes to give the Blind: The Lord supports the sink-ing Mind;

He sends the lab'ring

He sends the lab'ring Conscience; Peace-sends the lab'ring

Conscience Pe-ace

Peace He Helps the Stranger in Distress, The Widow and the Fatherless; And grants the 'Pris'ner sweet Re-lief.

Conscience Peace

20 Wakefield by Benham.

S.M.



The continuation of the handwritten musical score for "Wakefield" by Benham, marked "S.M.". This section starts with a bass clef, common time, and one sharp. The music continues with two staves of handwritten notation. The lyrics are as follows:

gin, Ye heav'nly ho... Is the Song begin, And sou... nd his Name a broad, And found his Name abroad,

Sc... ng begin, And sou... nd his Name a broad And sou... nd

Anthem. Job 7th Chap.

21

I'm made to posseſſ months of

Is there not an appointed time to Man upon Earth are not his days alſo as the days of an hireling

1 2

S:

va... ni... ty, and veriſo... me nights are appoi... nt... ed to me :S:

1 2

and veriſome nights and veriſome nights are appointed to me. 2

:S:

D

22 S:

When I lie down,

When I lie down,

I say, when shall I arise, and the night be gone

I'm full of toling

When I lie down,

When I lie down,

I'm full of toling to and fro, toling

to and fro, into the dawning of the day.

My flesh is cloth'd with worms, my skin is bro-ken and become loathsome.

My flesh is cloth'd with worms and clods of dust

I loath it I would not live always

I loath it I would not, I would not live always

I would not live always. Let me alone for my

I loath it I would not live always, live always,

I loath it

I loath it I would not,

I loath it I would not,

days are vani ... y, my days are vani ... y

My days are swifter than a wea ... vers shuttle and are spent with ... out hope

O remember

As the cloud and vanis...heth a way.

S. O remember that my life, is wind mine eyes shall no more see good, as the cloud is consum...ed and vanis...heth away, so be that goeth

O remember that my life, my as the cloud and vanis...heth away,

As the cloud is consum...ed

1 2

for now shall I sleep, shall I sleep in the dust, and thou shal...k...e me in the morning thou shal...k...e me

1 2

down to the grave shall come up no...more; for now shall I sleep in the du...st and thou shal...k...e me in the morning but I shall not b... 2

2

for now shall I sleep, shall I sleep in the dust, and thou shal...k...e me in the morning thou shal...k...e me,

1 2

no...re; for now shall I sleep in the du...st and thou shal...k...e me in the morning

Greenfield by Edson.

P.M.

:S:

-25

God is our refuge in distress: A present help when dangers press: in him, undaunted, we'll con sider :S:

Tho'

Tho' Earth were from her

Tho' Earth were from her center lost, And mountains in the

1 2

1 2

Tho' Earth were from her center lost, And mountains in the ocean lost, Torn piecemeal by the roaring tide. 2

Earth were from her center lost, And mountains in the ocean lost Torn peaceable by the roaring tide, Torn

1 2

center lost, And mountains in the ocean lost Torn

Torn

26

Norwich.

S. M. :S:

1 2

My sorrows like a flood, Impatient of restraint:

In - to thy bosom O in - to thy bosom O my God, Pour out a long complaint.

In - to thy bosom O in - to thy bosom O my God,

In - to thy bosom O my God,

Stroud.

C. M.

1 2

Now let our Lips with holy Fear And mournful Pleasurs sing The Sufferings of our great High Priest The Sorrows of our King.

Warwick.

C.M.

27

O God of hosts, O God of hosts the mighty Lord, How lovely is, how lovely is the place, Where thou enthroned Wherethouen-

enthroned glory shewit The brightness of, the brightness of thy face the brightness of, the brightness of thy face.

28. Bridg-water by Edson.

S:

L.M.

My Soul thy great Creator praise When clothe'd in his celestial Rays. :S:
He in And like He is full Maje - sy appears And like a Robelis Glory wears.
He in Andlike And like

Plymouth.

C. M.

O God of Mercy, hear my Call, My Loads of Guilt remove; Brake down this sepa... rating Wall That bars me from thy Love.

2 Aurora by Billings. S.M. 29

A wake my Soul, a waks, A wak look up and view, The glor'ous Sun, who has be gun, His dai ly talk a new.

The glor'ous sun, who has begun His daily talk a new his daily talk a ne - - w his daily task a new.

The glor'ous sun, who has begun his daily task a new The glor'ous sun who has begun,

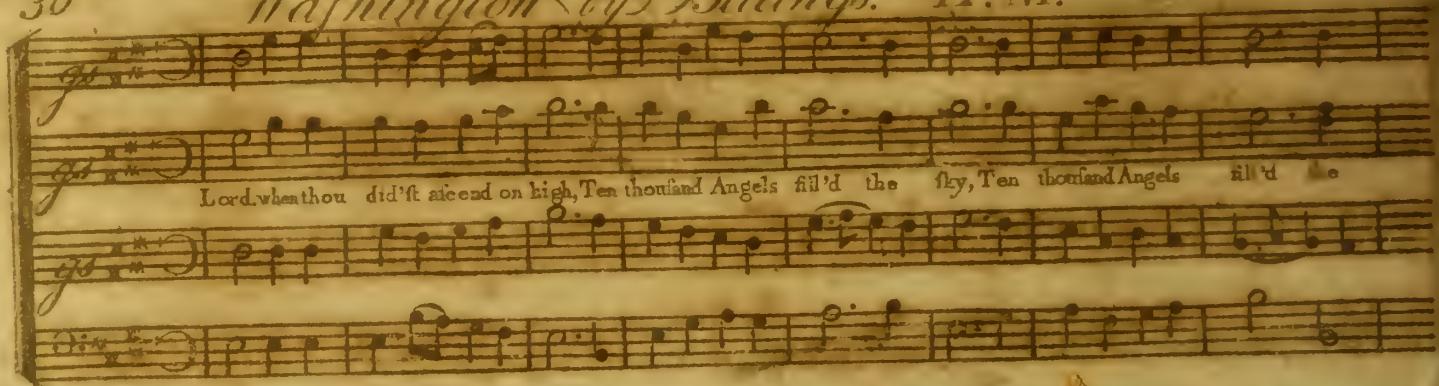
The glor'ous sun who has begun his dai - - ly talk a new.

has begun,

His dai - - - ly dai - - - ly dai - - - - - ly

30

Washington by Billings. L.M.



The continuation of the handwritten musical score for 'Washington' by Billings. It consists of three staves of music. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. The third staff begins with a bass clef and common time. The lyrics are written below the staves:

Those heav'nly guards a-round thee wait, Like char'ots that at--
Those heav'nly guards a-round thee wait, Like char'ots that at--
Those heav'nly guards a-round thee wait, Like char'ots that at--
Those heav'nly guards a-round thee wait, Like char'ots that at--

A handwritten musical score for two voices, featuring two staves of music with corresponding lyrics. The music is written in common time with various note heads and stems. The lyrics describe celestial beings attending a ruler's state.

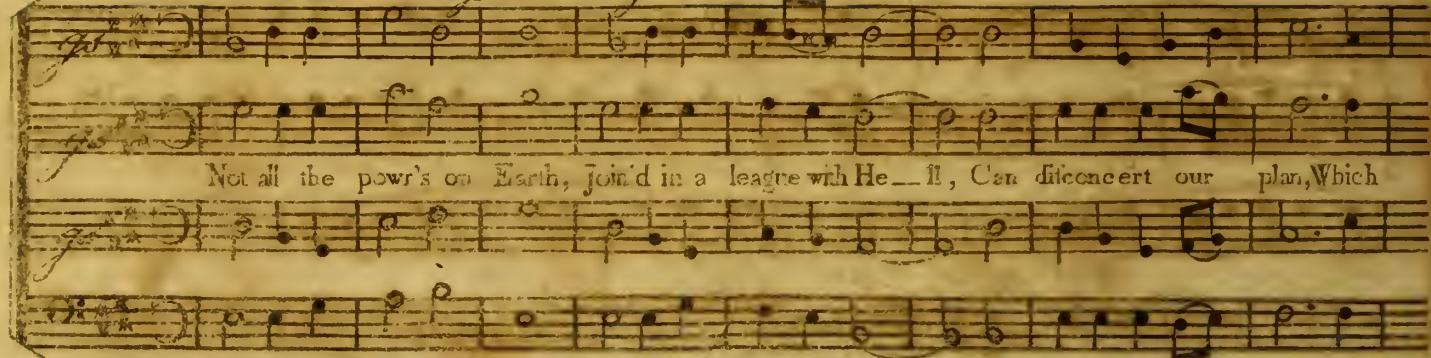
The lyrics are as follows:

and in - le, Those heav'ly guards a - round thee wait, Like cha -
cha - - - r - ots char'ots that attend thy
cha - - - r - ots like cha - - - r - ots, like
- tend thy sta - te, Those heav'n - ly guards a - round thee wait, Like char'ots that at - - tend thy state Those
- ots, like cha - - - r - ots,
state Those heav'ly guards a - - round thee wait, Like char'ots that at - - tend thy state.
char'ots that at - - - tend thy state,
heav'ly guards a - - round thee wait, Like char'ots,

32

Columbia by Billings.

P.M.



The continuation of the musical score for 'Columbia by Billings'. The score consists of three staves of music. The first two staves begin with a treble clef and a common time signature. The third staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature. The lyrics are as follows:

:S:
nothing can ex - cel. Since such a friend in God we find; A dieu to fears of evry kind.
:S:

Landaff.

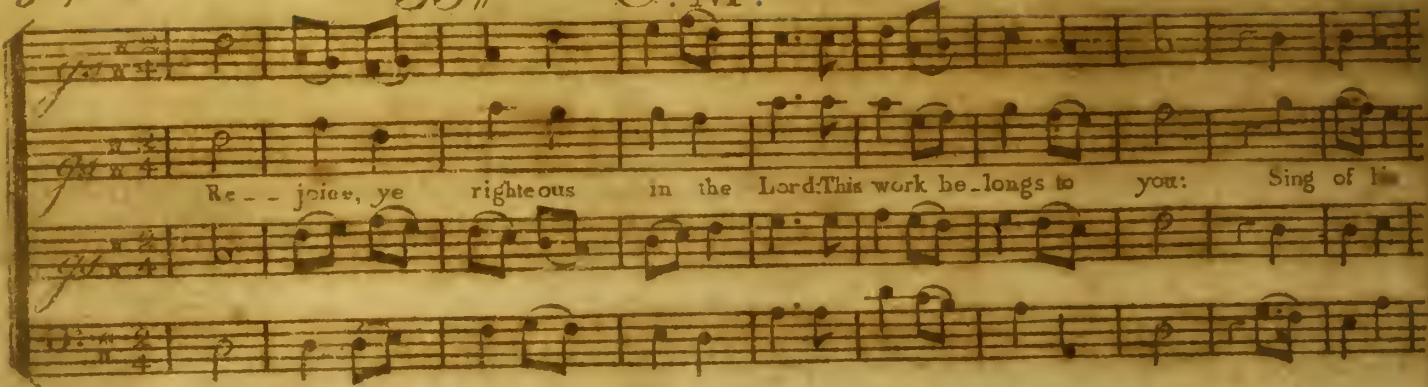
P.M.

33

I am the Saviour, I th' Almighty God, I am the judge, ye heav'ns proclam abroad My just eternal sentence, and declare

Father God'smein law Book gave man by

Those awful truths that sinners dread to hear, When God appears all nature shall adore him; While sinners tremble, saints rejoice before him.



S:

A continuation of the handwritten musical score. It starts with a treble clef, a bass clef, and an alto clef, all in common time. The lyrics "name, his ways, his word, How ho - ly just and true." are followed by a soprano vocal line starting with "His mercy and his righteou - ness Let". The music concludes with three measures of music.

25

he and I pro-claim'd His works of nature and of grace Re-verst his wondro 1 name.

Chester by Billings. L.M.

Let Tyrants shake their iron Rods, And slavery clank her galling chains, For then or, we trust in God, New England God for ever reigns.

36

34th

C. M.

The praises of my God shall
Thro' all the changing scenes of life, In trouble and in joy, The praises of my
The praises of my God shall still, The
The praises of my God shall still

still, the praises of my God shall still My heart
God, the praises of my God shall still, My hea - - - - rt and tongue em ploy, My heart and tongue em ploy.
raises of my God shall still

Guildford by Brownson.

S.M.

37

Er at thy Name is knowne the World declarely Praierly Saincts O Lord before thy Throne their Sonnes of Honour rise.

Bedford by Brownson. C.M.

My never-ceasing Song shall shew the Mercies of the Lord, and make succeeding Ages know how faithful is his Word.

38.

24th

by Brown. C.M.

Erect your heads, a ^{vernal} gates, Un - fold to em - per-

Who is this King, this King of Glory? The

King of Glory. See he comes With his celestial train.

Who?

Leviathan. Behold his strength renowned a habile mighty: o'er his foes Eternal Victor crownd, Eternal Victor crownd.

2 Bysford. by Brownson. P.M.

39

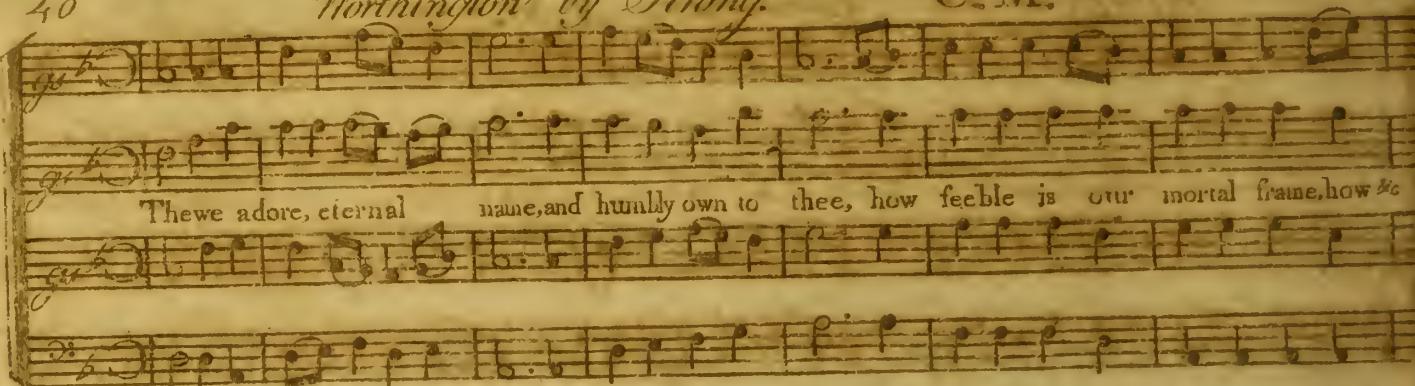
Not to our names, thou on - ly just and true, Not to our worthless names is glory due. Thy pow' - ful grace thy chaste

Immortal sons to thy sov'reign name. Shine forth the Earth's lowly blis - a - bode, Nor let the heathen si - y and where 'your God,

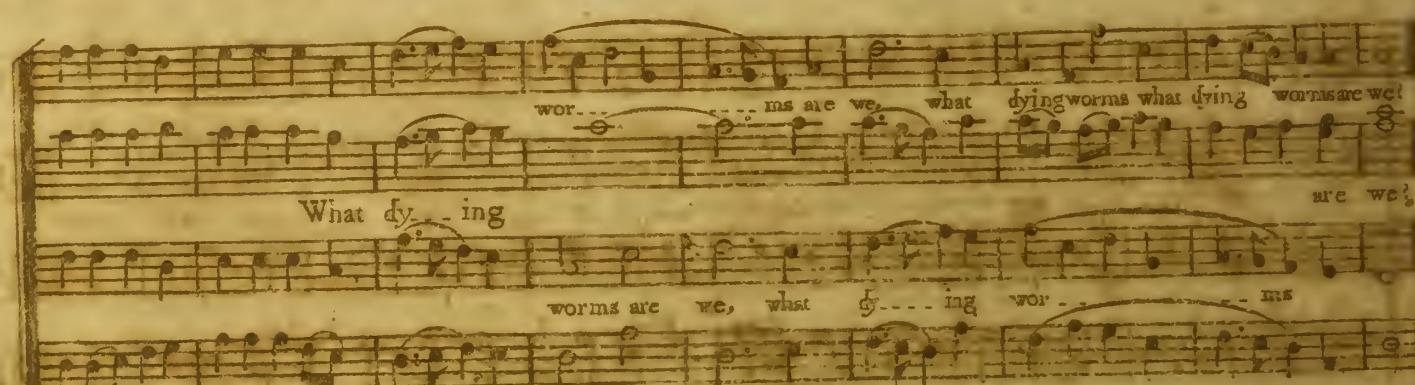
40

Worthington by Strong.

C.M.



Thewe adore, eternal name, and hunnily own to thee, how feeble is our mortal frame, how



wor - ms are we, what dying worms what dying worms are we?

worms are we, what dy - ing wor - ms are we?

Poxbury by Strong C.M.

45

My God, the Sons of pious Men are ordred by thy Will; that they should day rise again, thy Hand supports them still.

The Lord de lights to see their Wayes, he Vir-tue he app-oves, he ne'er deprive them this Gra-ee, nor leave them he loves.

42

Lichfield. by Bonington. L.M.

Twas from thy ha - nd, my God I came, A work of such a cu - ri - ous frame;
In me in fear - ful
In me thy fear - ful won - ders shine, And each pro - claim thy skil - di - vine, And each pro - claim thy skil - di -
In me thy fear - ful won - ders shine, And ea - - - ch pro - claim thy skil - - - - di - vine.
won - ders shine; And each pro - cl -

Dresden. by Brownson.

P.M.

43

please to see Kindred and friends a... Each in their proper station move, And

fill their part with sympathizing heart, in all the scenes of life and love.

The busy Tribes of Flesh and Blood with all their Lives and Care are carried
ards

h...y the Flood and lo... st in following Year

Virginia by Brownson. S: C. M.

Thy Word like a wing Wi - nd con - trou - land, ru - le the boisterous Deep; thy arm like sleep - ing Billo - w - ard, she roll - ing Billow - ing. Billo - w - ing.

Invitation by Brownson P. M. S:

Come, ye fau - sor and weedi - ed, weal - o - wond - er - filled, here, you ready to receive a gift of pity, Love and Pow - er, who - ma - ble, he is willing to give more.

G

46 Philadelphia. by Billings. S.M.

Let dist'ring nations join To cele - brate thy Name, And all the World, O Lord, combine To praise thy glorious Name.

And all the World, O Lord, com - bine, and all the World, O Lord, combine

And all the World, O Lor - d, O Lord, com - bine, To praise, to praise thy glorious Name.

And all the World, O Lord, com - bine To prai - se,

all the World, O Lord, O Lord,

Bolton. by Brownson. P.M.

47

I'll prais my maker with my breath: And when my voice is lost in death Praise shall employ my nobler pow'rs My

ys of praise shall ne'er be pa - st White life, and though, and leisur ill, Or winter - til - li - ly - ea - dues.

Durham by Brownson. L.M.

Sweet is the Work my King to praiseth Name give Thanks and sing to sweetly Love by Morning - light and talk of all thy Truths Nigh

Norfolk by Brownson S.M. :S:

And usefull Body die this Mortal Frame do - day and must the active limbs of mine :S: by mudding into clay by mudding in the day

:S: by mudding into clay by mudding in the day

:S: by mudding into clay by mudding in the day

by mudding into clay by mudding in the day

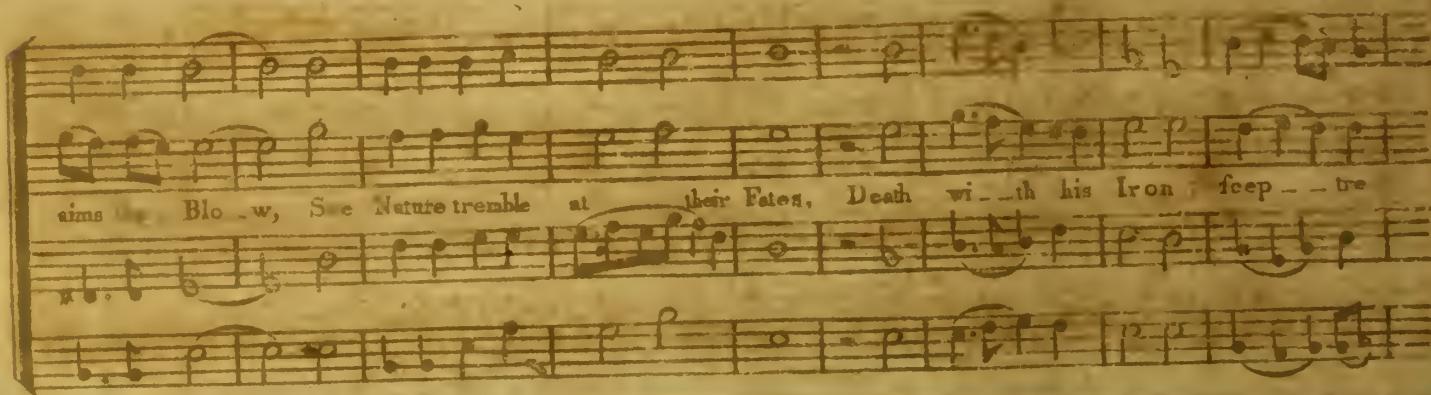
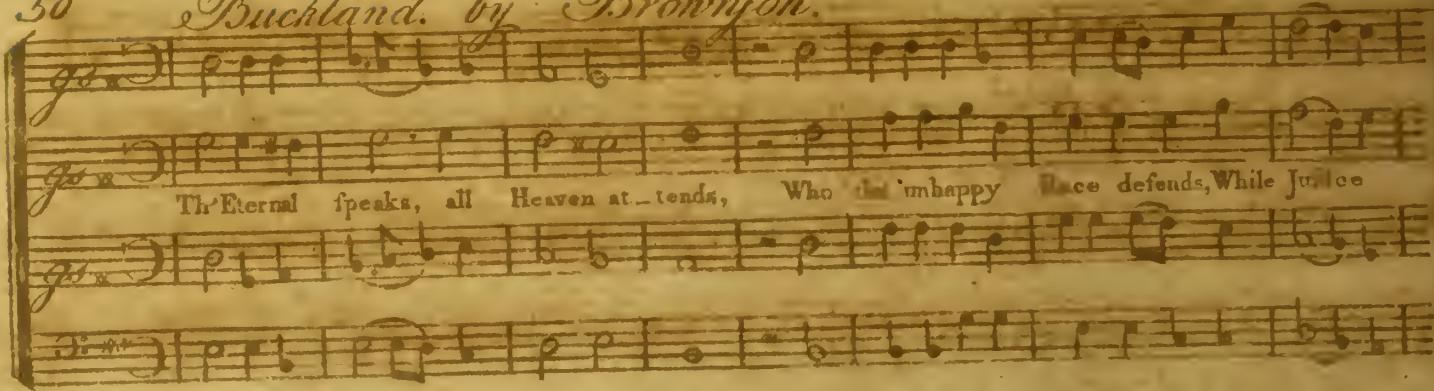
49
Wrote by Brownson.

P.M.

The God of Glory sends his Summons forth, Calls the South Nations, an - d awakes the North; from East to West the far-reign'd Order spreads,

The hidden Worlds and Regions of the Dead, the Trumpet soundeth tremulous How---ex - re - joices! lift up your Heads, ye Saints with them - all Voice-on

50

Buckland. by Brownson.

H.

Lor ada - - mantis Gaudium is at their Wo - e, And triumphs at their Woo.

Newcastle. S.M.

My Saviour and my King, Thy beauties are di - vine; Thy lips with blessings o - ver flow, And ev - ry grace is thine.

52 Cambridge by Brownson.

L.M.

Deep in our Hearts let us re...cord the dee...per Sorrows of our Lord; be-hold the ris-ing

so...ul to o...ver

Balmons roll, to o...verwhelm his ho...ly so.....ul to over whelm his ho.....ly Soul.

so...ul to o...ver

so.....ul to over

90th by Strong S.M.

53

Lord what a noble creature is this our mor... all France in his dear mortal Frame!

our Lichowpoo-

our Lichowpoor a Trifle tis,

our Lichowpoo...r a Trifle tis. our Lichowpoa

Lichowpoor a Trifle tis, that is good to serv the Name that scarce de-serves the Name

trifle tis, that scarce deserves the Name that scarce de-serves the Name

Lichowpoo...r a Trifle tis, that scarce deserves the Name that scarce deserves the Name

our Lichowpox a Trifle tis,

that

54 D^o by Chandler.

P. M.

Great God the Earth did ordain From De - clares the Glo - ries o - f thy Name De - clares the Glo - ries of thy Face There

there thy rich Wor(l)d of Wonder.

Ay richWor(l)d Wonder fine, there thy richWor(l)d of Wonder fine, A thievish fury blemish there, A thievish fury blemish there, A

there

there thy richWor(l)d Won - der the one,

1 2 55

Of boundless Pow'rd and Ski - - - 1 2

I say Beseech thee, A thousand radiant Mornes, per,

Of boundless Pow'rd and Skill di - vine. 2

Of boundless Pow'rd and Skill di - vine. Of

Of boundless Pow'rd and Skill di - vine. Of

Westfield by Brownson.

S.M.

And re - la - gue his Word and de - liver

Mine eyes and my De - sires Are ever with the Lord; I live to please his Provi - ce,

And rest up - on his Word,

And re - la - gue his Word

And re - la - gue his Word

56.

Sunday by Brownson. P.M.

Hail thou happy Morn, so glorious! Come ye Singers or Grief give o'er Singing, Jesus rose Victorious,

by his own almighty Pow'r Halle-lujah, Halle-lujah, Halle-lujah, to the glorious Son of God.

Royalton by Strong. P.M.

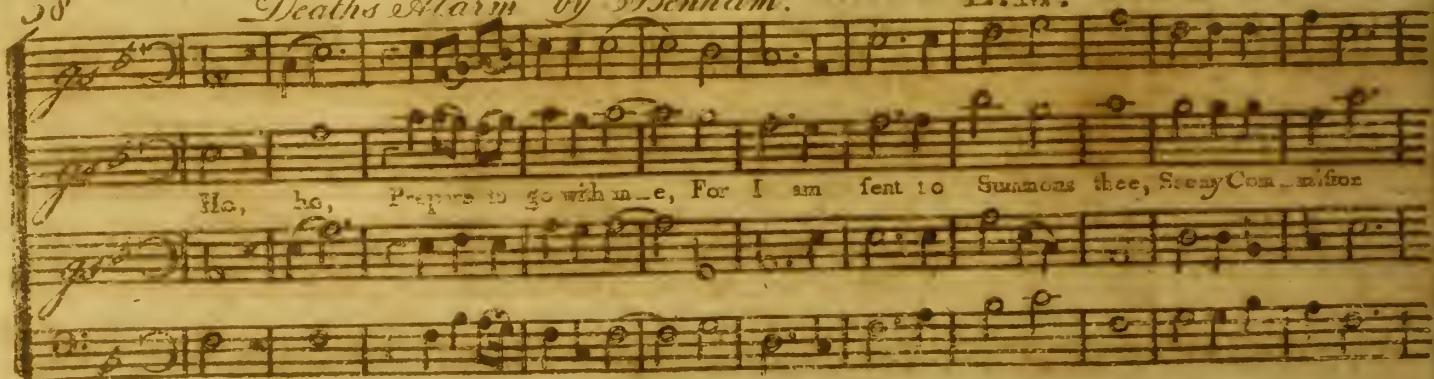
57

The Lord Je...ho...vah reigned royal State in manches... He...d with zw... fal Glories round:
arrayd in Ro...
arrayd in Ro... be of
arrayd in Ro... bes of Light in ym...
ynd Ko... bes of Light in ym... reign M...h begin w... so i...n g...light,
begin w... for... reign M...h begin w... so i...n g...light,
bes of Ligh... begin w... for... reign M...h begin w... so i...n g...light,
Light in ym... Re...bes of Ligh... begin w... for... reign M...h begin w... so i...n g...light for reign M...h...
Re...bes of Ligh... Re...bes of Ligh... begin w... for... reign M...h and rays and rays of Ma... j...y round.

58

Deaths Alarm by Benham.

L.M.





A slender thread I must di-vide, my Name is Dæni'l & stop thy Breath from me A word thou canst not hide.

Blessedon. L.M.

1 59
2
1
2

Give to God immortal Praise, Now and for evermore. Give to God immortal Praise, Now and for evermore.

Sunderland by Strong. L.M.

She thy Lord O..... Lord forgive.

Sun thy Lord O..... Lord forgive, Old England greater & repeating Rebel boughs mostly broken large and

She thy Lord O..... Lord forgive

She thy Lord O..... Lord forgive

May not a Sinner trust in thee may not a Sinner trust in thee

May not a Sinner trust in thee may not a Sinner trust in thee

May not a Sinner trust in thee may not a Sinner trust in thee

May not a Sinner trust in thee may not a Sinner trust in thee

Anthem For Good Friday.

61

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) and piano. The music is in common time, with various clefs (C, F, G) and key signatures. The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, and bass staves. The piano part is at the bottom, featuring a treble clef and a bass clef. The lyrics are written below the music, corresponding to the vocal parts. The score is numbered 61 in the top right corner.

O that mine Eyes would melt in - to a Flood that I might Plunge in Tears for These as thou didst swim in Blood to Ransom

O that this Fleshly Lembe would begin to drop to drop to drop a Tear to drop a Tear

me O that this Fleshly Lembe would begin to drop to drop to drop a Tear for every Sin

to drop to drop a Tear a Tear

fee fee how his Bloody dabled Arms are spread to Enter-tain Deaths welcome Bands be - hold his

fee how his Bloody dabled Arms are spread to Enter-tain Deaths

See how his Bloody dabled Arms are spread to enter - - - tain

His oft re-peated Strip's his wounded hark!

His side bleeding Harks his oft re-peated Strip's his wounded Side hark!

Groans Laid low he Groans the Groans Re-member how he

bor he Groans! Re-member how he Cri'd low he Cri'd heavy hearted

Laid low he Groans. low he Groans. Re--member how he

Hard-locked Man

Weeds of mourning on the solid Rocks in funder Rent and yet this Stone will not re-less hard-locked Man Only Man de

Only Man den'd to

Only man desired to mourn for him for whom alone he
desired to mourn for him for whom alone he be D^one Praise God from whom all blessings

desire for him for whom alone he be

desire for him for whom alone he be now Praise the Lord ye Angelick host praise the Father

praise the

praise the Son

Take praise the Son praise the Holy Ghost praise the Father praise the Son praise the Holy Ghost.

Take praise the Son praise the Holy Ghost praise the Father praise the Son praise the Holy Ghost.

64 Repentance : by Benham. L.M.

Handwritten musical score for 'Repentance' in L.M. time signature. The score consists of four staves of music with various note heads and rests. The lyrics are written below the first staff:

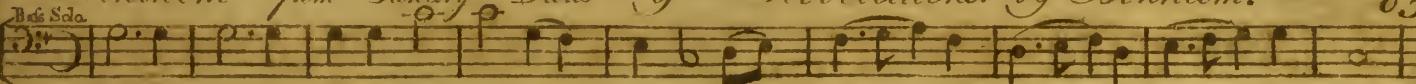
Behold and see as you pass by As you are now so once was I As I am now so you must be Prepare for Death and follow me.

Falmouth. C.M.

Handwritten musical score for 'Falmouth' in C.M. time signature. The score consists of four staves of music with various note heads and rests. The lyrics are written below the first staff:

I set the Lord before my Face, He bears my Courage up: My Heart and Tongue their Joys ex - press, My Flesh shall rest in Hope in Hope.

Anthem from Sundry Parts of Revelations. by Benham. 65



Holy holy holy Lord God al - mighty which was and is-- and is-- to come



Thou art wor - thy O Lord to receive Glory and honour and Powr for thou hast cre - a - ted all things.



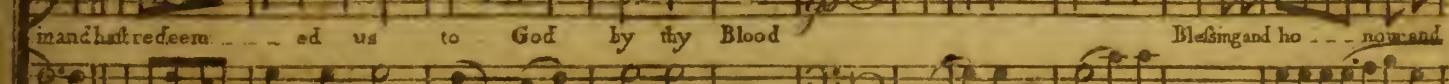
Thou art wor - thy O Lamb of God to take the Book and open the seals there of Far thou wast sl



Blessing and



Bless - ing bles - sing



in and ha - tred - ed us to God by thy Blood

Blessing and ho - nor and



Blessing and ho -

Pra - - - - - ise our God all ye his ser-vants and all that fear him both small and great

Alleluia for the Lord

Let us re - joi - - ce re jo - - ce rejo

Let us re - joi - - - ce rejo - - -

Let us re - joi - - ce rejo - - - - - - - - - - -

Let us re - joi - - - ce rejo - - - - - - - - - - -

God omnipotent reign - - eth

na - a him Halla - tuah bolla - tuah halla - tuah A - men amen anen a - men a - men

Friendship. by Brownson.

69

He dies! the friend of Sinners dies, the tidings strike a Dol - ful Sound! the tidings strike the angels strike a Dol - ful

Trem - bling shakes

Sound Dolful Sound! A solemn Darkne's a fo - leman Darkness veils the Skies! A sudden Trem - bling shakes the

Trem - bling Trem - bling

Trembling

A handwritten musical score for three voices and basso continuo. The top staff is for the soprano voice, the middle staff for the alto voice, and the bottom staff for the basso continuo. The music consists of six staves of eight measures each. The vocal parts are written in common time with a mix of quarter and eighth note rhythms. The basso continuo part includes bass clef, a bass staff, and a continuo staff with a bassoon-like symbol. The lyrics are written below the staves.

Ground, Come saints, and drop a Tear or two, For him who giv'd us such a curse, And His blood thousand drops sayng, A thousand Drops of richer Blood,

then land, Drops of richer Blood, Hark! Love and grief be gone! We grieve the Lord of Glo-^rif-ⁱ ness for man,

Bur, lo! what sudden lo what sudden Joys I see! Bur lo! what sudden Joys I see! Joys I

Bat. No. whom fayrelye þa fallede. Joys I see Joys Joys — 1

But lo! what den lo! what sudden joys I see! But lo! what sudden joy

But let what sudden joy - etc., I fed.

But — — do what sudden joy

The rising God, for likes the tomb The Tomb in vain for bids his rise Che-

great Deliverer rei -

Break off your Teesye fair and call Howhigh and tell how long

flat De

Sing here he spoil'd the Hosts of Hell, And led the Monster Death in Chains! the Monster Death in Chains.

... live - rer reigns,

Anthem for America.

We have heard with our ears O Lord And our fathers have told us of thy mighty works

We have heard with our ears O Lord And our fathers have told us of thy mighty works

We have heard with our ears O Lord All our

works We have heard with our ears O Lord And our fathers have told us of thy mighty works that thou

And our fathers have told us of thy mighty works thy mighty works that thou hast done in the

sare O Lord And our fathers have told us of thy mighty

fathers have told us of thy mighty works migh - ty

73

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass) and piano. The music is in common time, with various key signatures. The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, and bass staves. The piano part is at the bottom, featuring bass and treble clefs. The lyrics are in English, referring to Biblical or historical themes. The score includes several systems of music, with lyrics continuing across them.

hest done in the time of old How thou didst drive out the Hethen
time of old How thou didst drive out the Hethen
the time of old How thou didst drive out the Hethen with thine hand and plant them in And plant them in
time of old How thou didst drive out the Hethen with thine hand and plant them in and plant them in
the Hethen with thine hand And plant and plant them in It was not their own arm
with thine hand and plant them in and plant them in And plant them in For they got not the
and plant them in For they got not the Land by their own Sword it was not
For they got not the Land by their own Sword it was not their own Arm not their own arm that

helped them For they got not the Land by their own Sword for they got not the Land by their own Sword

Land by their own Sword it was not their own Arm not their own arm help ed them

their own Arm that help ed them For they got not the Land by their own Sword the Land by their own Sword

helped them For they got not the Land by their own Sword it was

It was not their own Arm it was not their own Arm that helped help ed them It

It was not their own Arm not their own Arm that helped them But it was thy right

It was not their own Arm that help ed them

not their own Arm that helped them It was not their own Arm that help ed them

was not their own Arm But it was thy right hand thine arm and the light of thy Counte - nance It was not
herdine and the light of thy Counte - nance

It was not their own Arm But it was thy right hand thine arm and the light of thy Counte - nance
But it was thy right hand thine arm and the light of thy Counte - nance

Sir own Arm But it was thy right hand thine arm and the light
of thy Counte - nance And the light of thy Counte - nance.
Counte - nance thy right hand thine arm and the light of -
But it was light of thy Counte - nance thy

Hebron by King.

P. M.

:S: 8.3

He.

The shining Worlds above In glorious Order stand, Or swift Courses move By his supreme Command.

:S:

spake the Word, And all their Frame From No - - thing came To pra - - ie 1 2
He spake the Word, And all their Frame From Nothing came To praise the Lord. 1 2
He spake the Word, And all their Frame From No - - thing ca - - me 1 2
He spoketh the Word, And all their Frame From No - - thing came

84 Laindon.

C.M.

The Singers go before with Joy, the Minstrels make no Stay And in the Midst the Damels do with Timbrels sweet - ly play.

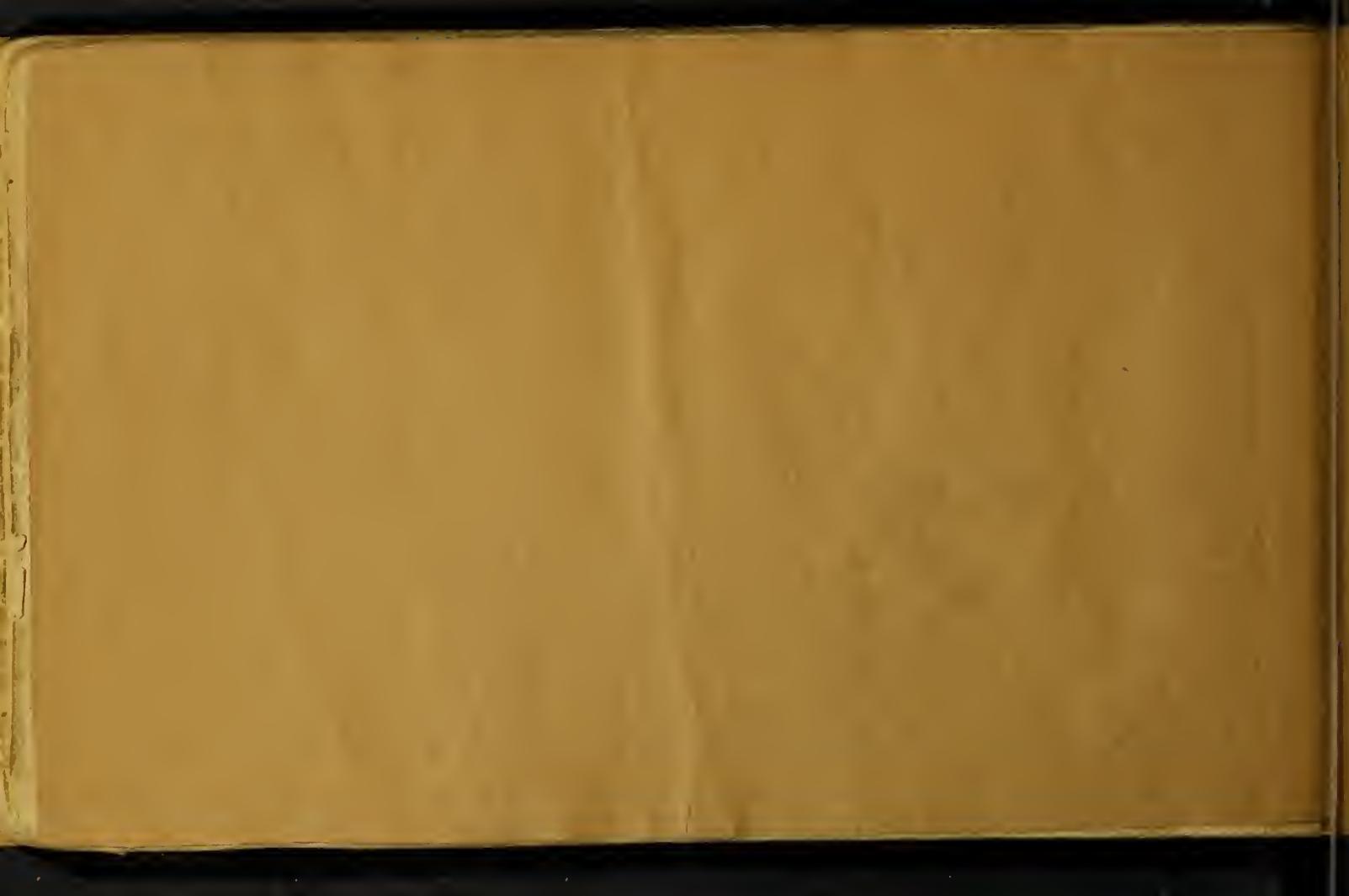
Bath.

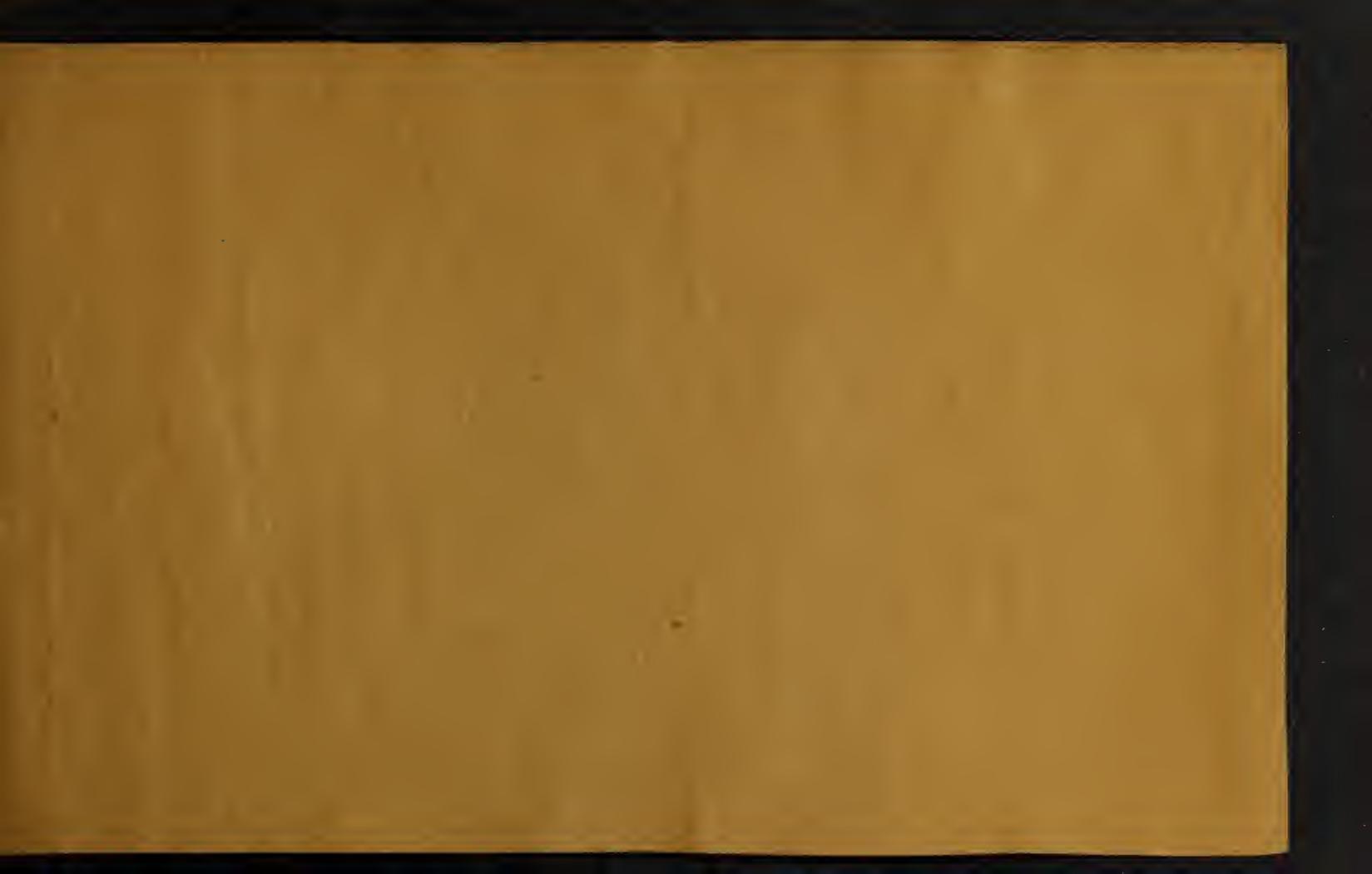
L.M.

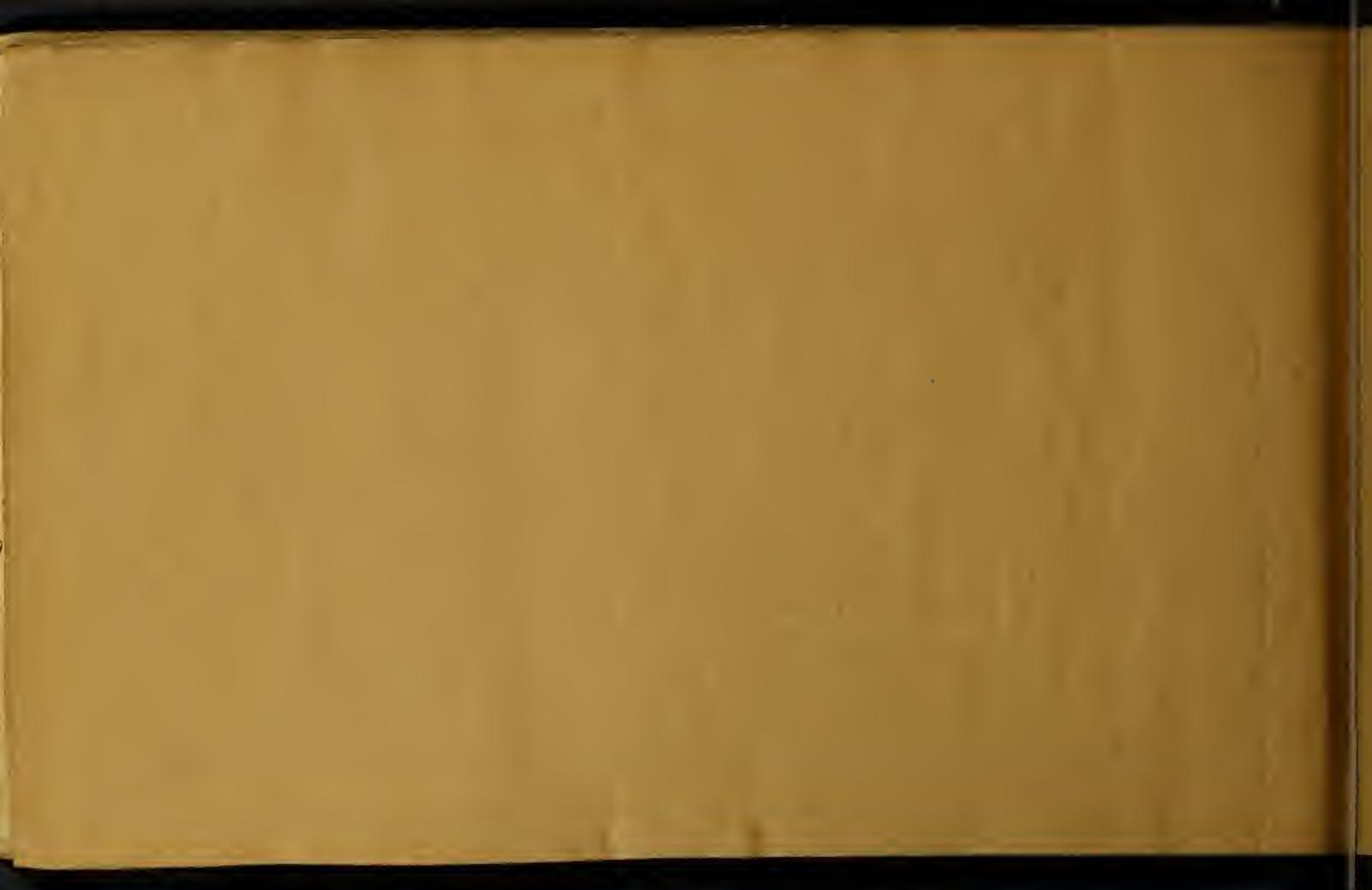
He reigns; the Lord, the Saviour reigns! Praise him in evan - gelick Strains: Let the whole Earth in Songs rejoice. And distant Islands join their Voice.

gathered

for you







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