

**Ernst August  
Hassmann**

***Concerto à 8***

**2 Oboen, 2 Fagotte**

**2 Violini, 2 Violen**

**Basso continuo**

**herausgegeben von**

**Werner Jaksch**

## Vorwort

Die vorliegende Edition basiert auf Quellen aus der SLUB<sup>1</sup>. Das ***Concerto à 8 voci*** von **Ernst August Hassmann ( ? - 1733 )** ist vielleicht für den Hof in Hannover komponiert worden. Über den Komponisten selbst gibt es keine Informationen in den Musiklexika. Lediglich in einer Gedenkschrift zum 350-jährigen Bestehen der Musikpflege in Hannover<sup>2</sup> finden sich spärliche Details zu Ernst August Hassmann. In dem dort erstellten *Historischen Mitgliederverzeichnis* bleibt das Geburtsjahr unbekannt, ebenso seine Anstellung vor dem Dienst Eintritt am 1.1.1712 in Hannover und gleichfalls auch nähere Angaben zur Person. Bekannt sind jedoch seine Dienstbezeichnungen: 1712 wird er Kurfürstlicher und 1714 Königlicher Hof- und Kammermusiker genannt<sup>3</sup>. Aus dem Eintrittsdatum wird auch ersichtlich, dass er als Musiker unter Georg Friedrich Händel hier wirkte, denn Händel hatte den Kapellmeisterposten schon 1710 übernommen und mit Unterbrechung<sup>4</sup> wieder vom Sommer 1711 bis Herbst 1712 inne<sup>5</sup>.

Wie bei der Ouvertüre mit Balletsuite zu der Pastorale ***Issé*** von **André Cardinal Destouches**<sup>6</sup> sowie zu ***Thésée*** von **Jean-Baptiste Lully**<sup>7</sup> sind auch die Noten zu dem ***Concerto*** wahrscheinlich über Kontakte von Musikern aus Hannover, Celle oder Braunschweig nach Dresden gelangt<sup>8</sup>.

Schriesheim, Juni 2014

Dr. Werner Jaksch

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1 Sächsische Landes- und Universitätsbibliothek Dresden.

2 Wulf Konold, *Das Niedersächsische Staatsorchester 1636 – 1686*, Hannover 1986, S.176.

3 Der Kurfürst Georg Ludwig von Hannover bestieg als Georg I. am 1.8.1714 den Thron von Großbritannien, nachdem seine eigentlich erberechtigte Mutter, Sophie von der Pfalz, bereits am 8.6.1714 gestorben war. Hannover als Residenzstadt und Hofhaltung wiederum ist das Ergebnis mehrerer Teilungen der welfischen Herzogtümer.: Braunschweig-Wolfenbüttel, Braunschweig-Lüneburg ( in Celle) und Lüneburg-Calenberg. Durch die Heirat seiner Cousine Sophie Dorothea von Braunschweig-Lüneburg-Celle konnte Georg Ludwig beide Teile vereinigen. Die Erhebung Hannovers zur Residenz der Calenbergischen Linie fand indes bereits am 18. 2. 1636 statt. Vgl. auch Konold, a.a.O., S.9.

4 Zur Aufführung seines *Rinaldo* in London (UA 7.3.1711).

5 Vgl. Konold, a.a.O. S. 27.

6 2012 bei IMSLP veröffentlicht.

7 2013 bei IMSLP veröffentlicht.

8 Vgl. Vorwort zu ***Issé***, hg. von Werner Jaksch bei IMSLP.

# Kritischer Bericht

## I. Die Quelle

Die Partitur des **Concertos** wird in der Sächsischen Landes- und Universitätsbibliothek<sup>9</sup> unter der Signatur **Mus. 2741- O - 1** aufbewahrt. Stimmhefte fehlen. Der Deckel trägt folgende Aufschrift: **Schranck No: II., 14. Fach, 37. Lage, No: 1.) Concerto con Violino conc: VVni, Viola, Basso, Partitura sola, Del Sigr. Hoffmann** (letzteres durchgestrichen, in Klammer ersetzt durch **Hassmann**). Die erste Partiturseite ist indes überschrieben mit: **Concerto à 8 voci Del Signor Hassmann**, so dass man noch von einer anderen Instrumentenbesetzung ausgehen kann. Alle Sätze haben unterschiedliche Dispositionen: Im ersten Satz sind die beiden Oberstimmen wohl Oboen<sup>10</sup> zuzuordnen, denn die dritte Stimme enthält Akkorde und Doppelgriffe; damit fällt dieser Part sicherlich der ersten Violine zu. Einen weiteren Part im G-Schlüssel ist der zweiten Violine vorbehalten, und außerdem sind noch zwei Stimmen im Sopran- und im Alt-Schlüssel notiert. Im zweiten Satz ist eine solistische Oboe und Violine separat notiert. Dazu kommen je zwei Fagotte, Violinen und Violen.

## II. Zur Edition

Die Anordnung der Instrumentalstimmen wurden in der Partitur entsprechend der modernen Praxis disponiert: Oboen und Fagotte in der obersten Akkolade, in der unteren die Violinen und Violen. Viola 1 wurde im G-Schlüssel notiert und übernimmt im *Allegro* (Takt 56-61) den Part einer 3. Violine, die im gesamten 1. Satz ansonsten nicht notiert ist. Das Trio wurde mit 2 Oboen und Fagott besetzt, das rahmende **Menuet** mit Violinen unisono und 2 Violen sowie Continuo. Dieses ist mit Violoncello, Violone und einem Tasteninstrument auszuführen.<sup>11</sup>

Bindebögen wurden konsequent der Quelle folgend übernommen, gegebenenfalls bei Diskrepanzen zwischen den Stimmen nachgetragen. Alle weiteren Ergänzungen des Herausgebers wurden in den Noten diakritisch gekennzeichnet.

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9 Einzusehen in [www.imslp.org](http://www.imslp.org). Nähere Informationen zu den Quellen der SLUB und dem sog. *Schranck No.II*, die eine Art Repertoirebibliothek J.G. Pisendels umfassen, vgl. Kai Köpp, *J.G. Pisendel (1687-1755) und die Anfänge der neuzeitlichen Orchesterleitung*, Tutzing 2005, S. 389 f.. Neuerdings ist auch spezielle Literatur zu dem sog. *Schranck No.II* im Ortus-Verlag (in Beeskow) erschienen.

10 So auch bei RISM 212003213 gemutmaßt.

11 Generalbassziffern sind nur in den ersten Takten notiert.

# Concerto à 8

3

[ Sonata ]

Ernst August Hassmann

*Allegro*

Oboe 1

Oboe 2

Fagotto1

Violino 1

Violino 2

Viola 1

Viola 2

Continuo

5

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

9

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

13

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

17

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

21

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

25

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Detailed description: This system contains measures 25 through 28. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). Measure 25 features a woodwind entry with Ob 1 playing a sixteenth-note figure, Ob 2 playing a dotted quarter note, Fg 1 playing a quarter note, and Cont playing a quarter note. Measures 26-28 continue the orchestration with various woodwind and string parts, including a prominent sixteenth-note pattern in Ob 1 and a sustained note in Ob 2.

29

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Detailed description: This system contains measures 29 through 32. Measure 29 begins with a double bar line and a repeat sign. Ob 1 plays a sixteenth-note figure, Ob 2 plays a dotted quarter note, Fg 1 plays a quarter note, and Cont plays a quarter note. Measures 30-32 continue the orchestration with various woodwind and string parts, including a prominent sixteenth-note pattern in Ob 1 and a sustained note in Ob 2.

33

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Detailed description: This system contains measures 33 through 36. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The woodwinds (Ob 1, Ob 2, Fg 1) and strings (Vi 1, Vi 2, Va 1, Va 2, Cont) are active. Ob 1 and Ob 2 play melodic lines with some rests. Fg 1 plays a steady eighth-note pattern. Vi 1 has a complex, fast-moving line with many beamed sixteenth notes. Vi 2, Va 1, and Va 2 have more sparse, rhythmic patterns. The conductor's part (Cont) follows a similar eighth-note pattern as Fg 1.

37

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Detailed description: This system contains measures 37 through 40. Measures 37 and 38 show the woodwinds (Ob 1, Ob 2) and strings (Vi 2, Va 1, Va 2) at rest. In measures 39 and 40, Fg 1 and Cont play sustained half notes, while Vi 1 plays a series of chords. The woodwinds remain silent throughout this system.



41

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

This system contains measures 41 through 44. The music is in B-flat major (two flats) and 4/4 time. Measures 41 and 42 feature a complex woodwind and string texture with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Measures 43 and 44 show a more active woodwind section, with the first oboe playing a prominent melodic line. The strings provide a steady accompaniment.

45

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

This system contains measures 45 through 48. In measure 45, the first oboe and first violin play a rapid sixteenth-note scale. The first flute has a long, sustained note. Measures 46 and 47 continue the woodwind activity, with the second oboe and strings also contributing. Measure 48 concludes the system with a final chordal texture across the ensemble.

49

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

This system contains measures 49 through 52. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The woodwinds (Ob 1, Ob 2, Fg 1) and strings (Vi 1, Vi 2, Va 1, Va 2, Cont) are all playing active parts. The woodwinds feature rapid sixteenth-note passages, while the strings play a more rhythmic accompaniment. The measure numbers 49, 50, 51, and 52 are indicated above the first staff of each measure.

53

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

This system contains measures 53 through 56. The key signature remains one flat. In measure 53, the woodwinds (Ob 1, Ob 2) have rests, while the strings continue. From measure 54 onwards, the woodwinds re-enter with active parts. The strings maintain their accompaniment. The measure numbers 53, 54, 55, and 56 are indicated above the first staff of each measure.

10

57

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

60

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

63

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Detailed description: This system contains measures 63, 64, and 65. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). Measure 63 features a complex texture with Ob 1 playing a rapid sixteenth-note pattern, Vi 1 playing a similar pattern, and Fg 1, Cont, and Va 2 providing harmonic support. Ob 2 and Vi 2 are silent. Measures 64 and 65 show a continuation of these patterns with some melodic shifts in the woodwinds and strings.

66

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Detailed description: This system contains measures 66, 67, and 68. Measure 66 begins with a double bar line and a repeat sign. Ob 1 and Vi 1 play a melodic line with a sharp sign, while Ob 2, Fg 1, and Cont play a more active line. Vi 2, Va 1, and Va 2 are silent. Measures 67 and 68 continue the melodic development, with Ob 1 and Vi 1 playing a descending line and the other instruments providing harmonic support.

69

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

72

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

*[ Largo ]*

Ob 1

Fg 1

Fg 2

Vi s

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

*p*

*p*

*p*

Detailed description: This is a musical score for measures 1 through 6 of a section marked [ Largo ]. The score is written for nine instruments: Oboe 1 (Ob 1), Flute 1 (Fg 1), Flute 2 (Fg 2), Violoncello (Vi s), Violin 1 (Vi 1), Violin 2 (Vi 2), Viola 1 (Va 1), Viola 2 (Va 2), and Contrabass (Cont). The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The Oboe 1 part is mostly silent, with a long note in measure 5. Flute 1 and Flute 2 play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes and quarter notes. Violoncello is silent. Violin 1 and Violin 2 play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes and quarter notes. Viola 1 and Viola 2 play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes and quarter notes. Contrabass plays a simple bass line. Dynamics include piano (*p*) for Violin 2, Viola 1, and Viola 2 in measure 5.

7

Ob 1

Fg 1

Fg 2

Vi s

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Detailed description: This page of a musical score contains measures 14 through 20. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The score is arranged in nine staves. The woodwind section includes Oboe 1 (Ob 1), Flute 1 (Fg 1), and Flute 2 (Fg 2). The string section includes Violins (Vi 1, Vi 2), Violas (Va 1, Va 2), and a Cello (Cont). The Violin I part (Vi 1) features a continuous sixteenth-note pattern. The Viola I part (Va 1) plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The Cello part (Cont) provides a simple harmonic foundation with half and quarter notes. A rehearsal mark '7' is placed at the beginning of the first staff.

14

Ob 1

Fg 1

Fg 2

Vi s

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

This musical score page contains measures 14 through 20 of a piece. The instrumentation includes Oboe 1, Flute 1, Flute 2, Violin Soloist, Violin 1, Violin 2, Viola 1, Viola 2, and Contrabass. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 3/8. Measure 14 is marked with a box containing the number 14. The Oboe 1 part features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. Flute 1 and Flute 2 play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The Violin Soloist, Violin 1, and Violin 2 parts play a continuous sixteenth-note figure. Viola 1 and Viola 2 play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. Viola 2 has a double bar line at the end of measure 19. The Contrabass part provides a steady bass line with eighth and sixteenth notes.



21

Ob 1

Fg 1

Fg 2

Vi s

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Detailed description: This page contains the musical notation for measures 21 through 27 of an orchestral score. The score is written for nine instruments: Oboe 1 (Ob 1), Flute 1 (Fg 1), Flute 2 (Fg 2), Violoncello (Vi s), Violin 1 (Vi 1), Violin 2 (Vi 2), Viola 1 (Va 1), Viola 2 (Va 2), and Contrabass (Cont). The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 3/8. Measure 21 is marked with a box containing the number '21'. The notation includes various note values (quarter, eighth, sixteenth notes), rests, and articulation marks. The Flute 1 and Flute 2 parts feature complex rhythmic patterns with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The Violoncello part has a melodic line with some slurs. The Violin 1 and Violin 2 parts play a steady eighth-note pattern. The Viola 1 and Viola 2 parts play a steady sixteenth-note pattern. The Contrabass part plays a simple quarter-note pattern.

28

Ob 1

Fg 1

Fg 2

Vi s

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 17, starting at measure 28. The score is for an orchestra and includes parts for Oboe 1 (Ob 1), Flute 1 (Fg 1), Flute 2 (Fg 2), Violin solo (Vi s), Violin 1 (Vi 1), Violin 2 (Vi 2), Viola 1 (Va 1), Viola 2 (Va 2), and Contrabass (Cont). The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 3/8. The music spans measures 28 to 34. The Oboe 1 part features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. Flute 1 and Flute 2 have more active, often sixteenth-note passages. The Violin solo part has a long, flowing line with many sixteenth notes. The Violin 1 and Violin 2 parts play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. Viola 1 and Viola 2 have more active lines with eighth and sixteenth notes. The Contrabass part provides a steady bass line with half and quarter notes.

35

Ob 1

Fg 1

Fg 2

Vi s

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Detailed description: This page contains a musical score for measures 35 through 40. The score is written for nine instruments: Ob 1 (Oboe 1), Fg 1 (Flute 1), Fg 2 (Flute 2), Vi s (Violin solo), Vi 1 (Violin 1), Vi 2 (Violin 2), Va 1 (Viola 1), Va 2 (Viola 2), and Cont (Cello/Double Bass). The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 3/4. Measure 35 is marked with a box containing the number 35. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, accidentals, and slurs. The instruments are arranged in a standard orchestral layout, with woodwinds at the top, strings in the middle, and the cello/double bass at the bottom.

42

Ob 1

Fg 1

Fg 2

Vi s

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score, page 19, starting at measure 42. The score is for a woodwind and string ensemble. The instruments are arranged vertically: Ob 1 (Oboe 1), Fg 1 (Flute 1), Fg 2 (Flute 2), Vi s (Violin solo), Vi 1 (Violin 1), Vi 2 (Violin 2), Va 1 (Viola 1), Va 2 (Viola 2), and Cont (Cello/Double Bass). The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The time signature is 3/4. The music consists of seven measures. Ob 1 plays a melodic line with some rests. Fg 1 and Fg 2 have more active parts with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The string section (Vi s, Vi 1, Vi 2, Va 1, Va 2, Cont) provides a rhythmic and harmonic foundation with various patterns of eighth and sixteenth notes, and some rests.

49

Ob 1

Fg 1

Fg 2

Vi s

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Detailed description: This page contains measures 49 through 54 of a musical score. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 3/8. The instruments are arranged in a standard orchestral layout. Measure 49 is marked with a box containing the number 49. The woodwinds (Ob 1, Fg 1, Fg 2) and strings (Vi s, Vi 1, Vi 2, Va 1, Va 2) play active parts, while the Contrabass (Cont) provides a steady bass line. The score is written for a full orchestra, with each instrument part on a separate staff.

55

Ob 1

Fg 1

Fg 2

Vi s

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

Da capo Sonata

## [ Menuet ]

1.

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

11 12.

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

21

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

31

Vi 1

Vi 2

Va 1

Va 2

Cont

**Trio**

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Measures 1-8 of the Trio section. The key signature is one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 3/4. The music features a steady eighth-note melody in the upper parts and a supporting bass line in the Fg 1 part.

9

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Measures 9-16 of the Trio section. Measure 9 is marked with a box containing the number 9. The melody in the upper parts continues with some chromatic movement, while the Fg 1 part provides a steady accompaniment.

17

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Measures 17-25 of the Trio section. Measure 17 is marked with a box containing the number 17. The music shows more complex rhythmic patterns in the upper parts, with the Fg 1 part continuing its supporting role.

26

Ob 1

Ob 2

Fg 1

Measures 26-32 of the Trio section. Measure 26 is marked with a box containing the number 26. The section concludes with a double bar line and repeat signs. First and second endings are indicated above the final measures.

**Menuet da capo**