

STUDES GEBUCH
von Friedrich Bodenstein
für

eine Singstimme
mit Begleitung des Pianoforte
compont und

DEM DICHTER

gewidmet
von
INGEBORG VON BRONSART.

Op. 10.

1.

Mir träumte einst ein schöner Traum.

Allegretto espressivo.

Ingeborg von Bronsart, Op. 10.

The piano introduction consists of three measures. The first measure features a treble clef with a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat) and a common time signature. The melody begins with a half note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, and a half note B-flat4. The bass line starts with a half note G3, followed by a quarter note A3, and a half note B-flat3. The second measure continues the melody with a quarter note C5, a quarter note B-flat4, and a half note A4. The bass line has a quarter note G3, a quarter note A3, and a half note B-flat3. The third measure concludes with a quarter note G4, a quarter note A4, and a half note B-flat4. The bass line has a quarter note G3, a quarter note A3, and a half note B-flat3. The piece ends with a fermata over the final notes.

The vocal entry begins with the lyrics "Mir träumte einst ein schöner". The melody is in a treble clef with a key signature of three flats. The piano accompaniment is in a bass clef with a key signature of three flats. The tempo is marked "Meno mosso." and the dynamics are "mp". The piano part features a series of chords and arpeggios that support the vocal line. The lyrics are: "Mir träumte einst ein schöner".

The vocal entry continues with the lyrics "Traum: mich liebte eine blonde Maid; es". The melody is in a treble clef with a key signature of three flats. The piano accompaniment is in a bass clef with a key signature of three flats. The tempo is marked "Meno mosso." and the dynamics are "mp". The piano part features a series of chords and arpeggios that support the vocal line. The lyrics are: "Traum: mich liebte eine blonde Maid; es".

The vocal entry continues with the lyrics "war im grünen Waldes-raum, es war zur warmen". The melody is in a treble clef with a key signature of three flats. The piano accompaniment is in a bass clef with a key signature of three flats. The tempo is marked "Tempo I." and the dynamics are "mp". The piano part features a series of chords and arpeggios that support the vocal line. The lyrics are: "war im grünen Waldes-raum, es war zur warmen".

Früh - lings - zeit: die

ten. *poco accelerando* *rit.* *p*

ten. *ad.*

Knos - pe sprang, der Wald - bach scholl, fern aus dem Dor - fe scholl Ge - läut - wir

a tempo *ten.* *ten.*

wa - ren gan - zer Won - ne voll, ver - sun - ken ganz in

cresc. *rit.* *dim.* *rit.* *dim.* *ad.*

Se - lig - keit. Und schö - ner noch, als

mp *Meno mosso.* *espressivo* *rit.* *dim.* *pp* *mp*

einst im Traum, be - gab es sich in Wirk - lich - keit - es

Tempo I.

war im grü - nen Wal - des - raum, es war zur war - men

Früh - lings - zeit: der

ten. *poco accelerando* *rit.* *p*

Wald - bach schwoll, die Knos - pe sprang, Ge - läut er - scholl vom Dor - fe her - ich

tempo *ten.*

hielt dich fest, ich hielt dich lang - und las - se dich nun nim - mer -

rall. *ten.* *rit.* *ten.* *rit.*

mehr, und las - se dich nun nim - mer - mehr!

a tempo *rit.* *a tempo* *a tempo* *espress.* *rit.* *a tempo*

poco rit. a tempo O, Früh - lings grü - ner

poco rit. a tempo *dim. p* Wal - des raum! *più f* Du lebst in mir *rit. ten.* durch al - le Zeit - dort

mp semplice ward die Wirk - lich - keit *rit. e dim. più f a tempo* zum Traum, dort ward der Traum zur *semplice* *rit. e dim. a tempo* Wirk - lich - keit!

cresc. e rit. Wirk - lich - keit! *a tempo*

poco rit. *poco rit.* *cresc.* *dim. rit. p*

Abschied vom Kaukasus.

Andante con moto.

The musical score is written for voice and piano. It features a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and a common time signature (C). The tempo is marked 'Andante con moto'. The score is divided into three systems, each with a vocal line and a piano accompaniment.

First System: The vocal line begins with a rest, followed by the lyrics 'Die Glet - scher leuch - ten im'. The piano accompaniment starts with a melody in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. Dynamics include *mp* (mezzo-piano) and *dim.* (diminuendo).

Second System: The vocal line continues with 'Mon - den licht, und Thrü - nen feuch - ten mein'. The piano accompaniment features a more active bass line. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *dim.*

Third System: The vocal line concludes with 'An - ge - sicht. Die'. The piano accompaniment includes a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking and ends with a *col Stra.* (colla Strada) instruction. Dynamics include *p* and *rit.* (ritardando).

cresc. -

Win - de sau - sen, die Mö - ven schrein, die Wo - gen brau - sen - ich

(tremolo) cresc.

largamente *poco rit.* **Poco più lento.** *a tempo*

den - ke Dein, ich den - ke Dein!

f (tremolo) *poco rit.* *espressivo* *espress.* *p*

Das Land entschwin - det schon fern dem Blick, doch zu

rit. *a tempo*

espressivo *p.*

cresc. *dim. e rit.* *p*

dir fin - det mein Herz zu - rück; ich

cresc. *dim. e rit.*

Poco più mosso.

will ihm Schwin - gen des Lie - des lei - hen es

And. *And.* *And.* *And.* *And.*

con più di moto.

soll dir sin - gen, es soll dir sin - gen:

cresc. *poco rit.*

con più di moto.

cresc. *poco rit.*

Più lento

a tempo

rit.

largamente
ich den - ke dein, es soll dir sin - gen: ich den - ke

Più lento **a tempo** *espress.*

f *più p*

dein!

mp *dim. e rit.* *p*

3.

Wie lächeln die Augen.

Andantino.

Andantino.

And.

And.

And.

And.

And.

dim. e poco rit.

And.

And.

And.

a tempo

And.

And.

And.

poco più f

rit.

And.

a tempo

espress. e rit.

p

pp

And.

Wie

lä - cheln die Au - gen der Lie - be will - kom - men, wie
im - mer sucht Lie - be die Lie - be zu trö - sten, doch

son - nig geht Al - les dem Her - zen dann ein, und wie
Trost geht dem schei - den - den Her - zen nicht ein, bis

trüb sind die Au - gen, wird Ab - schied ge - nom - men, doch es
all sei - ne Schmer - zen in Thrä - nen sich lös - ten - doch es

poco ri - - to - - nu - - *dim.* - to
muss ja so sein, ach, es muss ja so sein!
muss ja so sein, ach, es muss ja so sein!

poco ri - - to - - nu - - to *a tempo*
poco più f. *dim.*

1. 2. Ach, es muss ja so

cresc.



f dim. *rit.* **Lento.**

sein, es muss ja so sein, ach es muss ja so

f dim. *p ten.*



Tempo I.

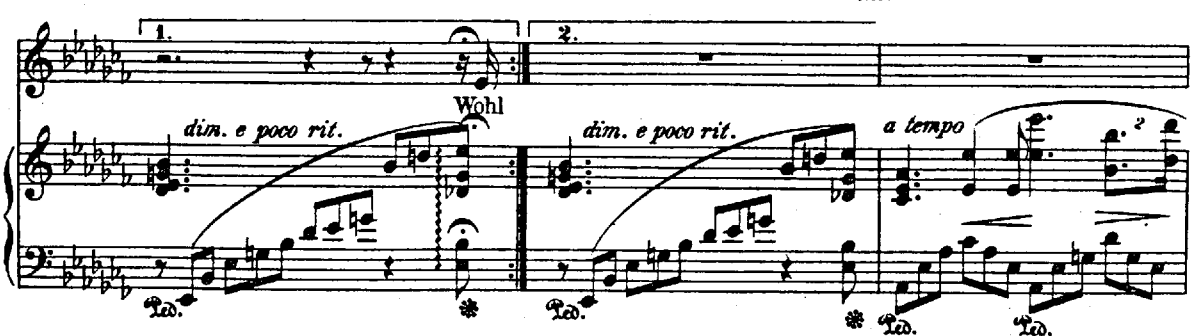
sein!

mp



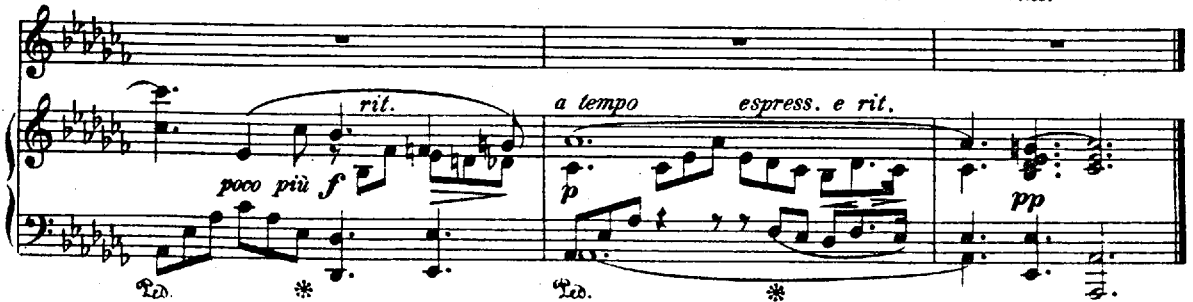
1. 2.

dim. e poco rit. Wohl *dim. e poco rit.* *a tempo*



rit. *a tempo* *espress. e rit.*

poco più f *p* *pp*



4.

Nachtigall, o Nachtigall.

(Russisches.)

Andante con moto.

The piano introduction is in 3/4 time, marked 'Andante con moto'. It features a melody in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. The melody starts with a half note, followed by a quarter note, and then a series of eighth notes. The bass line consists of a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamics include *mp*, *p*, and *cresc.*. There are also markings for *ten.* (tenuto) and *rit.* (ritardando).

The first vocal entry is in 3/4 time, marked 'Andante con moto'. The melody is in the right hand, and the piano accompaniment is in the left hand. The melody starts with a half note, followed by a quarter note, and then a series of eighth notes. The piano accompaniment consists of a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamics include *rit.* and *dim.*. There are also markings for *ten.* (tenuto) and *Più lento*.

Nach - ti - gall, o Nach - ti - gall!
 Flieg, durch - flie - ge Nach - ti - gall,

The second vocal entry is in 3/4 time, marked 'Andante con moto'. The melody is in the right hand, and the piano accompaniment is in the left hand. The melody starts with a half note, followed by a quarter note, and then a series of eighth notes. The piano accompaniment consists of a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamics include *poco rit.* and *ten.*. There are also markings for *Poco più animato.*

San - ges - hel - le Nach - ti - gall! Sag', wo - hin, wo -
 rings die wei - ten Lan - de all - Flie - ge ü - bers

The third vocal entry is in 3/4 time, marked 'Andante con moto'. The melody is in the right hand, and the piano accompaniment is in the left hand. The melody starts with a half note, followed by a quarter note, and then a series of eighth notes. The piano accompaniment consists of a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamics include *rit.* and *ten.*. There are also markings for *rit.*

hin - dich schwingst, wo die gan - ze Nacht du singst?
 blau - e Meer, lug' auf frem - dem Strand um - her,

ritenuto

Wel - che Ar - me mag, gleich mir, trost - be - dürf - tig
sieh in Stadt und Lan - de zu, nir - gend, nir - gend

ritenuto

dim. *p* *a tempo poco più f*

lau - - schen dir, die zur Nacht das Aug' nicht schliesst.
fin - - dest du ei - ne Maid in Dorf und Stadt,

a tempo

dim. *p* *poco più f*

rit.

weil's von Thrä - nen ü - - ber - fliesst!
die, wie ich, zu lei - - den hat!

rit. *mp*

p *cresc.* *Più lento ten.* *dim. e rit.*

Tempo I.

poco rit.

ten.

Auf der Brust mir ar - men Ding ei - ne Schur von Per - len hing;

poco rit.

ten.

Poco più animato.

rit.

ten.

ach, ich trug auch, ar - mes Ding, auf dem Fin - ger ei - nen Ring,

ten.

rit.

und im Her - zen treu und mild trug ich mei - nes Lieb - sten Bild!

ritenuto

e

dimin.

ritenuto

e

dimin.

a tempo

poco più f

rit.

Doch im Herbst ver - lo - ren ganz mei - ne Per - len ih - ren Glanz —

a tempo

poco più f

rit.

a tempo
più f

und in Win - ters - nacht mein Ring an der Hand in

f ten. *mf* *ritenuto cresc.*

a tempo
più f *f* *mf*

a tempo
mp

Stü - cken ging. Jetzt im Fröh - ling wein ich sehr:

a tempo
f *mp*

cresc. *rit.* *mp*

ha - be kei - nen Lieb - - sten mehr!

rit. *mp* *red.*

p *cresc.* *red.* *red.* ** **

Più lento *ten.* *dim. e rit.* *pp*

5.

Das Vöglein.

(Russisches.)

Allegretto.

Glück - lich lebt, vor Noth ge -
Lenz, den duf - tig

bor - gen. Got - tes Vög - lein in der Welt, kennt nicht
fri - schen, folgt der schwü - le Som - mer bald, Ne - bel,

Mü - hen, kennt nicht Sor - gen, denn sein Nest ist leicht be -
Re - gen, Stür - me mi - schen sich im Herb - ste feucht und

stellt! kalt; Vög - lein träumt auf grü - nem
al - len Men - schen wird es

Bau - me, bis ihm Got - tes Ruf er - klingt aus dem
trü - ber - fliegt zum Sü - den Vö - ge - lein ü - ber's

mor - gen - hel - len Rau - me; und es schür - telt sich und
blau - e Meer hin - ü - ber - fliegt zu neu - em Früh - ling

singt.
ein!
a tempo espress.

più p *rit.*

a tempo *poco più* *f* *p* *pp*

Auf den

6.

Sing, mit Sonnenaufgang singe.

(Russisches.)

Moderato.

piu p

mf Sing, mit Son-nen-auf-gang sin - ge, *mp* Nach-ti-gall, dein schmetternd

Lied! Sing, so lan-ge noch der Früh-ling *dim. e poco rit.* blu - mig Wald und Flur durch -

dim. e poco rit.

zieht! Sing der Schöpfung ban - te Schö - ne, *a tempo*

a tempo sempre p hüll - tem An - ge - sicht: Du al - lein durch - brichst das

più f largamente cresc. molto

a tempo sempre p

più f largamente cresc. molto

Ad. * Ad. * Ad. * Ad. Ad.

f Schwei - gen, singst von Lieb in dun - kler

poco rit.

f

p poco rit.

p a tempo Nacht

poco più f singst ge - wlegt auf

a tempo p

poco più f

cresc. f. rit. schwan - ken Zwei - gen, ü - ber dir des Him - mels

cresc. f.

Ad. Ad. Ad. Ad.

a tempo

Pracht!

a tempo

più p

dim.

pp

ad.

ad.

ad.

(mit dramatischem Ausdruck)

mf

Wü - ster Traum ist al - les Le - ben oh - ne Lie - be. wüß' das

mf

più p

All — Ließ und Lied ist dir ge - ge - ben: sin - ge, sü - sse Nach - t!

espressivo

più p

dim.

poco rit.

dim.

poco rit.

gall!

poco rit.

cresc.

mp

p